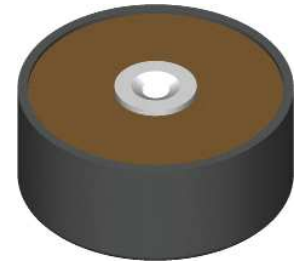


High Voltage Rectifiers

$V_{RRM} = 4800 \text{ V}$
 $I_{F(AV)M} = 10.2 \text{ A}$

| V_{RRM} | Standard | Power Designation |
|-----------|--------------|-------------------|
| V | Types | |
| 4800 | UGE 0221 AY4 | Si-E 1750 / 775-4 |



| Symbol | Conditions | Maximum Ratings |
|--------------|---|-----------------|
| $I_{F(RMS)}$ | air self cooling; $T_{amb} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ | 16 A |
| $I_{F(AV)M}$ | - without cooling plate | 3.8 A |
| | - with colling plate | 5.4 A |
| | forced air cooling; $v = 3 \text{ m/s}$, $T_{amb} = 35^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| | - without cooling plate | 7.0 A |
| | - with colling plate | 10.2 A |
| | oil cooling; $T_{amb} = 35^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| | - without cooling plate | 10.2 A |
| | - with colling plate | 10.2 A |
| P_{RSM} | $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$ | 3.4 kW |
| I_{FSM} | non repetitive, 50 c/s (for 60 c/s add 10%) | |
| | $T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ | 180 A |
| | $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ | 140 A |
| T_{VJ} | | -40...+150 °C |
| T_{stg} | | -40...+150 °C |
| T_{VJM} | | 150 °C |

| | | |
|---------------|--|-------|
| Weight | | 120 g |
|---------------|--|-------|

| Symbol | Conditions | Characteristic Values |
|----------|--|-------------------------------|
| I_R | $V_R = V_{RRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | $\leq 2 \text{ mA}$ |
| V_F | $I_F = 30 \text{ A}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 4.8 V |
| V_{T0} | $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | 2,55 V |
| r_T | $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | 90 mΩ |
| a | $f = 50\text{Hz}$ | $5 \times 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ |
| M_d | | 8 Nm |

Data according to IEC 60747-2

Features

- Hermetically sealed Epoxy
- Use in oil
- Avalanche characteristics

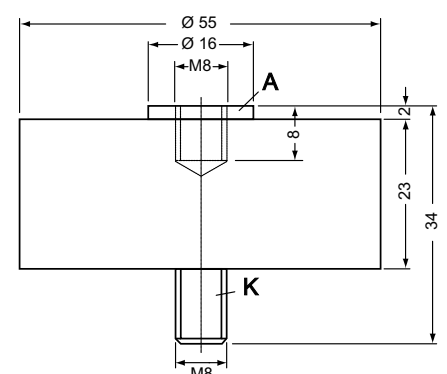
Applications

- X-Ray equipment
- Electrostatic dust precipitators
- Electronic beam welding
- Lasers
- Cable test equipment

Advantages

- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits
- Series and parallel operation

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")

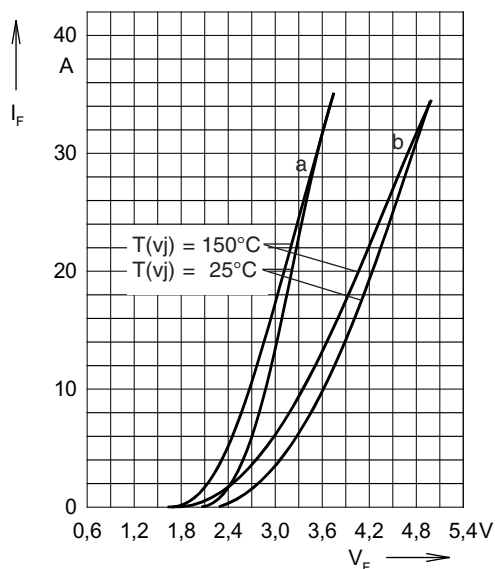


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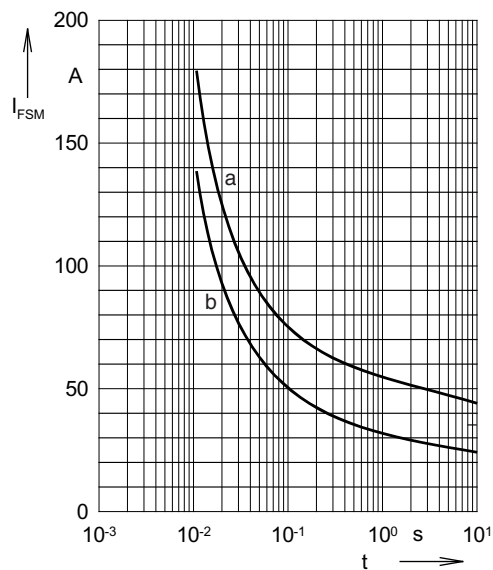
IXYS reserve the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

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Fig. 1: Forward characteristics

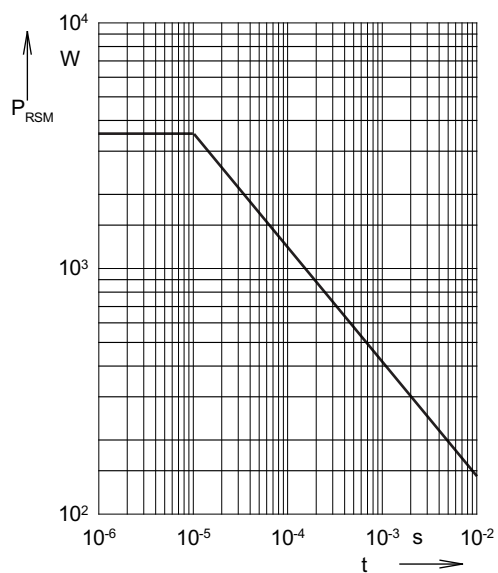
Instantaneous forward current I_F as a function of instantaneous forward voltage drop V_F for junction temperature $T_{(vj)} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ and $T_{(vj)} = 150^\circ\text{C}$

a = Mean value characteristic
 b = Limit value characteristic

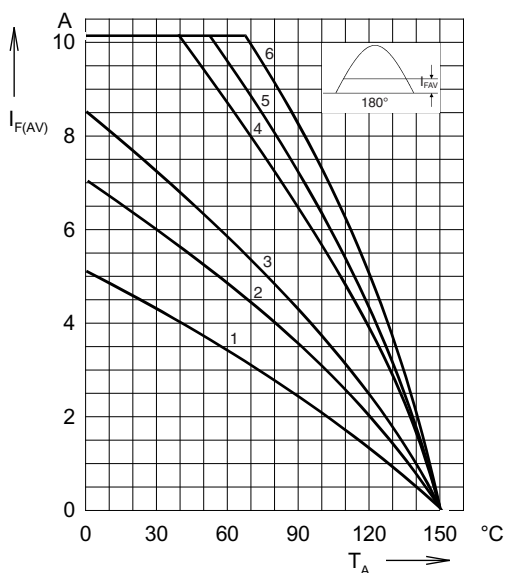

Fig. 2: Characteristics of maximum permissible current

The curves show the non repetitive peak one cycle surge forward current I_{FSM} as a function of time t and serve for rating protective devices.

a = Initial state $T_{(vj)} = 45^\circ\text{C}$
 b = Initial state $T_{(vj)} = 150^\circ\text{C}$


Fig. 3: Power loss

Non repetitive peak reverse power loss P_{RSM} as a function of time t , $T_{(vj)} = 150^\circ\text{C}$


Fig. 4: Load diagram

Mean forward current $I_{F(AV)}$ of one module for a sine half wave for various cooling modes as a function of the cooling medium temperature T_{amb} for a resistive load (horizontal mounting).

Cooling modes

| | | | |
|-----|--------------------|---------|---------------|
| 1 = | air self cooling | without | cooling plate |
| 2 = | air self cooling | with | cooling plate |
| 3 = | forced air cooling | without | cooling plate |
| 4 = | forced air cooling | with | cooling plate |
| 5 = | oil cooling | without | cooling plate |
| 6 = | oil cooling | with | cooling plate |