



# Thyristor

$V_{RRM} = 1400\text{ V}$

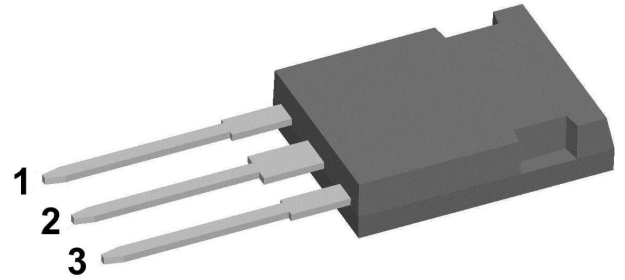
$I_{TAV} = 60\text{ A}$

$V_T = 1.14\text{ V}$

## Single Thyristor

Part number

**CS60-14io1**



Backside: anode



### Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability

### Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

### Package: PLUS247

- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0

### Disclaimer Notice

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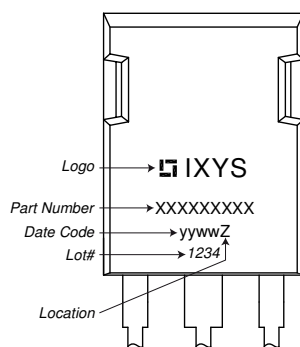


Thyristor			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1500	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1400	V
$I_{RD}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1400 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		200	$\mu A$
		$V_{R/D} = 1400 V$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		10	mA
$V_T$	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 60 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.18	V
		$I_T = 120 A$			1.44	V
		$I_T = 60 A$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		1.14	V
		$I_T = 120 A$			1.46	V
$I_{TAV}$	average forward current	$T_C = 110^{\circ}C$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		60	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			75	A
$V_{T0}$	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		0.82	V
$r_T$	slope resistance				5.3	m $\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.32	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.15		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$		360	W
$I_{TSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 ms$ ; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		1.40	kA
		$t = 8,3 ms$ ; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0 V$		1.51	kA
		$t = 10 ms$ ; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		1.19	kA
		$t = 8,3 ms$ ; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0 V$		1.29	kA
$I^2t$	value for fusing	$t = 10 ms$ ; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		9.80	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8,3 ms$ ; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0 V$		9.49	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 10 ms$ ; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		7.08	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8,3 ms$ ; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0 V$		6.87	kA <sup>2</sup> s
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 V$ $f = 1 MHz$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		74	pF
$P_{GM}$	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$	$T_C = 140^{\circ}C$		10	W
		$t_p = 300 \mu s$			5	W
$P_{GAV}$	average gate power dissipation				0.5	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$ ; $f = 50 Hz$ repetitive, $I_T = 180 A$			150	A/ $\mu s$
		$t_p = 200 \mu s$ ; $di_G/dt = 0.3 A/\mu s$ ; $I_G = 0.3 A$ ; $V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 60 A$			500	A/ $\mu s$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		1000	V/ $\mu s$
$V_{GT}$	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.5	V
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		1.6	V
$I_{GT}$	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		100	mA
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		200	mA
$V_{GD}$	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		0.2	V
$I_{GD}$	gate non-trigger current				10	mA
$I_L$	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		450	mA
		$I_G = 0.45 A$ ; $di_G/dt = 0.45 A/\mu s$				
$I_H$	holding current	$V_D = 6 V$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		200	mA
$t_{gd}$	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.45 A$ ; $di_G/dt = 0.45 A/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		2	$\mu s$
$t_q$	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V$ ; $I_T = 60 A$ ; $V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $di/dt = 10 A/\mu s$ $dv/dt = 20 V/\mu s$ $t_p = 200 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		150	$\mu s$



Package PLUS247		Ratings				
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per terminal			70	A
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-40		140	°C
$T_{op}$	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		140	°C
<b>Weight</b>				6		g
$F_C$	mounting force with clip		20		120	N
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface / striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	5.5			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	5.5			mm

**Product Marking**



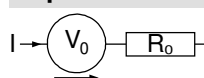
Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	CS60-14io1	CS60-14io1	Tube	30	507901

Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
CS60-12io1	PLUS247 (3)	1200
CS60-16io1	PLUS247 (3)	1600

**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**

\* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$

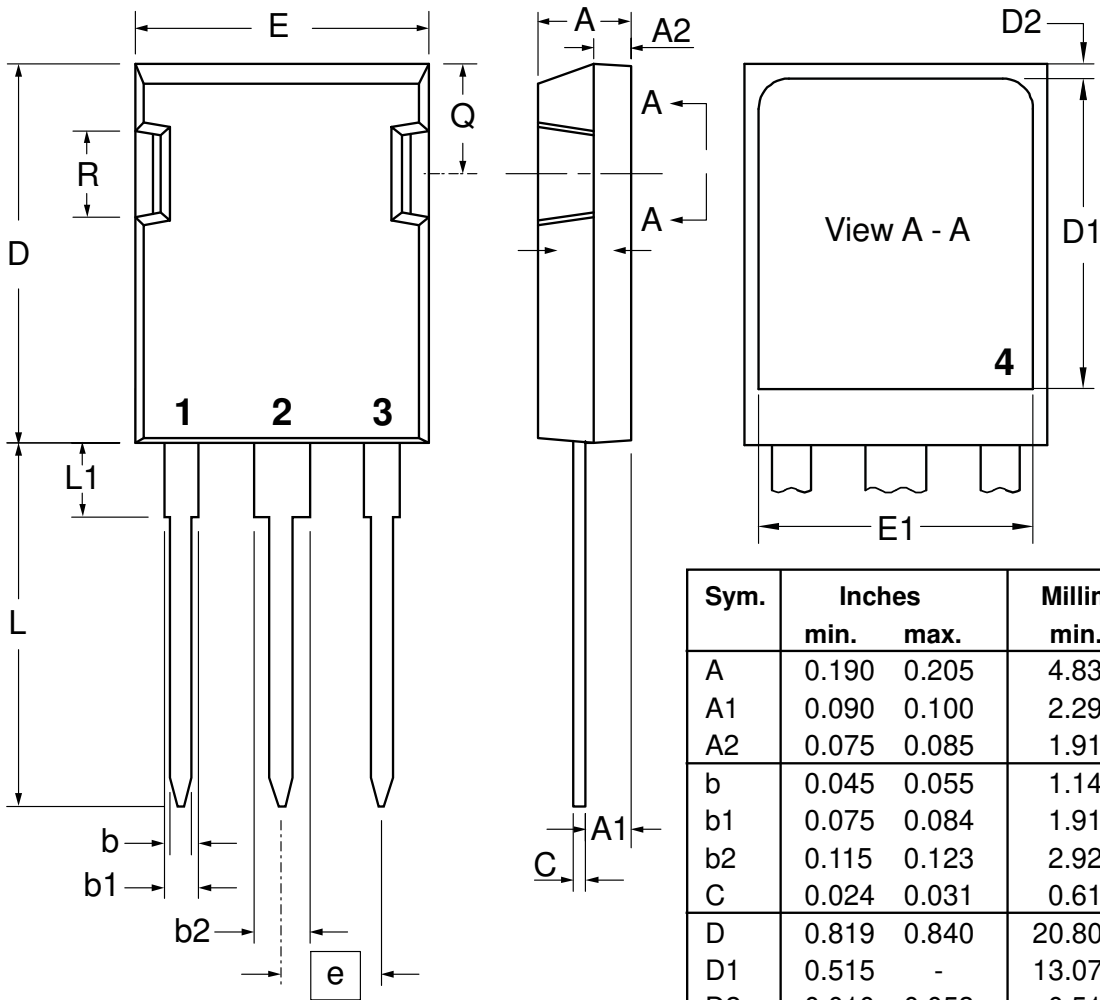


**Thyristor**

$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0.82	V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	3	mΩ



**Outlines PLUS247**



Sym.	Inches		Millimeter	
	min.	max.	min.	max.
A	0.190	0.205	4.83	5.21
A1	0.090	0.100	2.29	2.54
A2	0.075	0.085	1.91	2.16
b	0.045	0.055	1.14	1.40
b1	0.075	0.084	1.91	2.13
b2	0.115	0.123	2.92	3.12
C	0.024	0.031	0.61	0.80
D	0.819	0.840	20.80	21.34
D1	0.515	-	13.07	-
D2	0.010	0.053	0.51	1.35
E	0.620	0.635	15.75	16.13
E1	0.530	-	13.45	-
e	0.215 BSC		5.45 BSC	
L	0.780	0.800	19.81	20.32
L1	0.150	0.170	3.81	4.32
Q	0.220	0.244	5.59	6.20
R	0.170	0.190	4.32	4.83



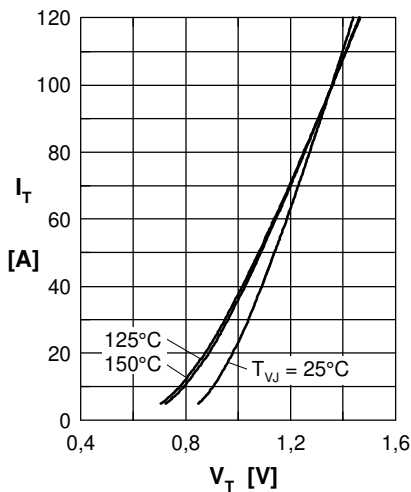
**Thyristor**


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

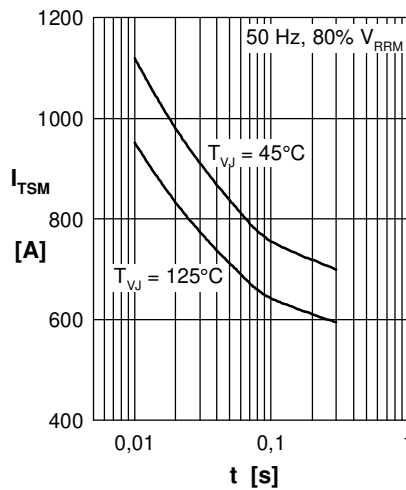


Fig. 2 Surge overload current

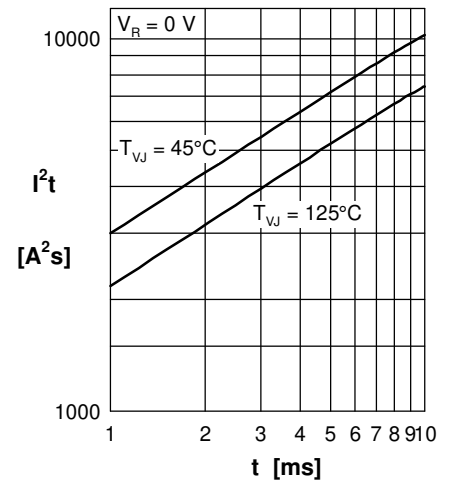
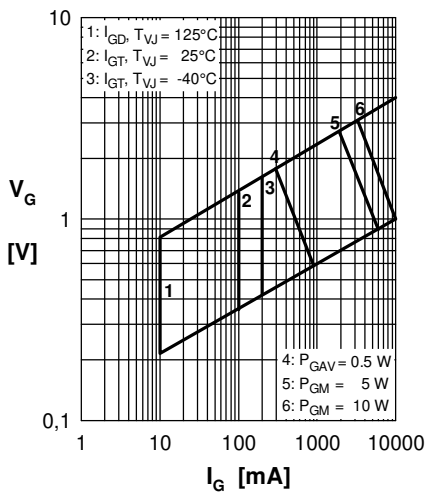

 Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms)


Fig. 4 Gate trigger characteristics



Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time

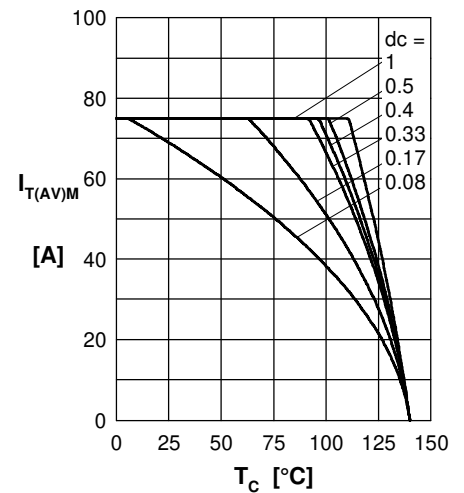


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

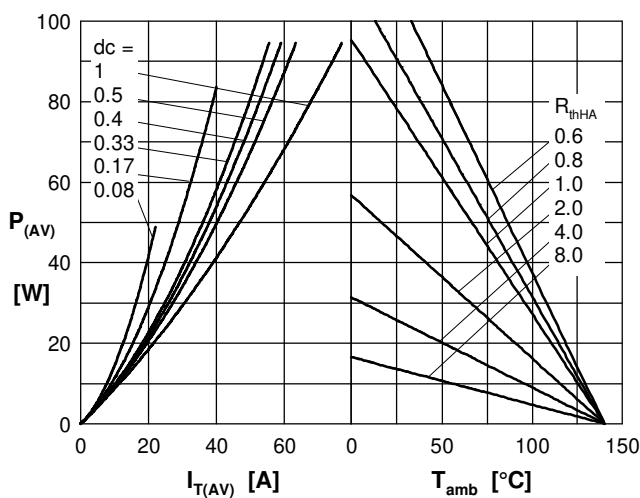
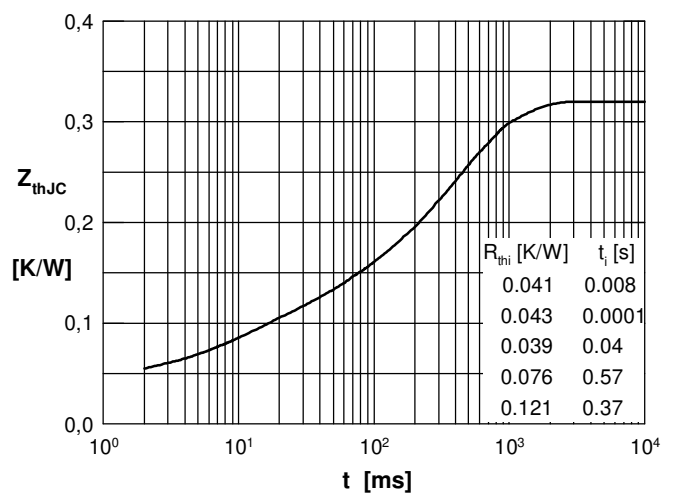

 Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current  
 Fig. 7b and ambient temperature


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to case