



Thyristor

$V_{RRM} = 2 \times 1600 \text{ V}$

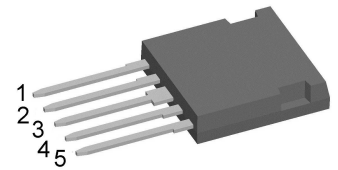
$I_{TAV} = 30 \text{ A}$

$V_T = 1.3 \text{ V}$

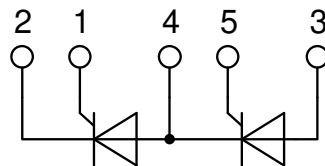
Phase leg

Part number

CMA30P1600FC



Backside: isolated



Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability

Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

Package: i4-Pac

- Isolation Voltage: 3000 V~
- Industry convenient outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Backside: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

Disclaimer Notice

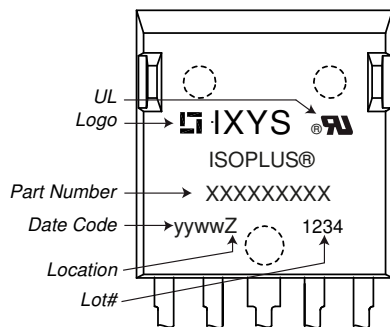
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Thyristor			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1700	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			1600	V
I_{RD}	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1600 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		50	μA
		$V_{R/D} = 1600 V$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		2	mA
V_T	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 30 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.30	V
		$I_T = 60 A$			1.63	V
		$I_T = 30 A$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		1.30	V
		$I_T = 60 A$			1.71	V
I_{TAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 90^{\circ}C$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		30	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			47	A
V_{T0}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.87	V
r_T	slope resistance				14.2	m Ω
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				1	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.2		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$		125	W
I_{TSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		400	A
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		430	A
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		340	A
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		365	A
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		800	A ² s
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		770	A ² s
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		580	A ² s
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		555	A ² s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 V \quad f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		16	pF
P_{GM}	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$	$T_C = 150^{\circ}C$		10	W
		$t_p = 300 \mu s$			5	W
P_{GAV}	average gate power dissipation				0.5	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$	repetitive, $I_T = 90 A$		150	A/ μs
		$t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 0.3 A/\mu s;$ $I_G = 0.3 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	non-repet., $I_T = 30 A$		500	A/ μs
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		1000	V/ μs
		$R_{GK} = \infty$; method 1 (linear voltage rise)				
V_{GT}	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1	V
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		1.2	V
I_{GT}	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		55	mA
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		80	mA
V_{GD}	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.2	V
I_{GD}	gate non-trigger current				5	mA
I_L	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		150	mA
		$I_G = 0.3 A; di_G/dt = 0.3 A/\mu s$				
I_H	holding current	$V_D = 6 V \quad R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		100	mA
t_{gd}	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		2	μs
		$I_G = 0.5 A; di_G/dt = 0.5 A/\mu s$				
t_q	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V; I_T = 30 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $di/dt = 15 A/\mu s \quad dv/dt = 20 V/\mu s \quad t_p = 200 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		150	μs



Package i4-Pac		Ratings				
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			70	A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		150	°C
Weight				6		g
F_C	mounting force with clip		20		120	N
$d_{Spp/ App}$	creepage distance on surface / striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	1.7			mm
$d_{Spb/ Apb}$		terminal to backside	5.1			mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	3000			V
		t = 1 minute	2500			V

Product Marking



Part description

- C = Thyristor (SCR)
- M = Thyristor
- A = (up to 1800V)
- 30 = Current Rating [A]
- P = Phase leg
- 1600 = Reverse Voltage [V]
- FC = i4-Pac (5)

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	CMA30P1600FC	CMA30P1600FC	Tube	25	507440

Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
CMA50P1600FC	i4-Pac (5)	1600

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$



Thyristor

$V_{0 \max}$	threshold voltage	0.87	V
$R_{0 \max}$	slope resistance *	11.7	mΩ

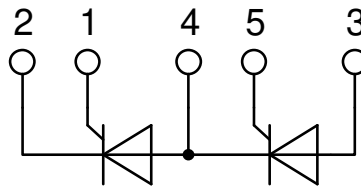


Outlines i4-Pac



Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.83	5.21	0.190	0.205
A1	2.59	3.00	0.102	0.118
A2	1.17	2.16	0.046	0.085
b	1.14	1.40	0.045	0.055
b2	1.47	1.73	0.058	0.068
b4	2.54	2.79	0.100	0.110
c	0.51	0.74	0.020	0.029
D	20.80	21.34	0.819	0.840
D1	14.99	15.75	0.590	0.620
D2	1.65	2.03	0.065	0.080
D3	20.30	20.70	0.799	0.815
E	19.56	20.29	0.770	0.799
E1	16.76	17.53	0.660	0.690
e	3.81 BSC		0.150 BSC	
L	19.81	21.34	0.780	0.840
L1	2.11	2.59	0.083	0.102
Q	5.33	6.20	0.210	0.244
R	2.54	4.57	0.100	0.180
W	-	0.10	-	0.004

Die konvexe Form des Substrates ist typ. < 0.05 mm über der Kunststoffoberfläche der Bauteilunterseite
The convexbow of substrate is typ. < 0.05 mm over plastic surface level of device bottom side



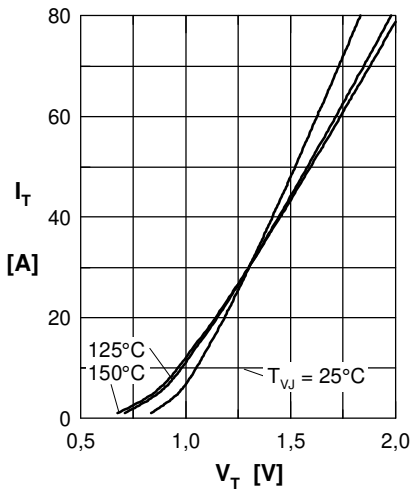
Thyristor


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

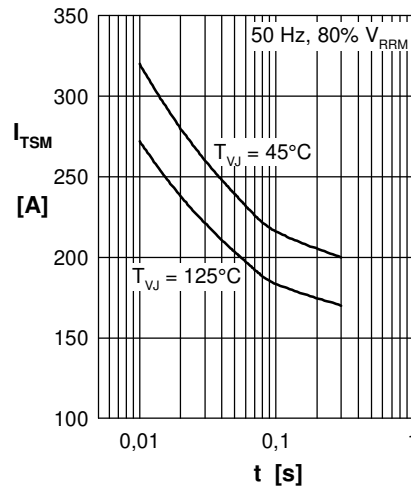


Fig. 2 Surge overload current

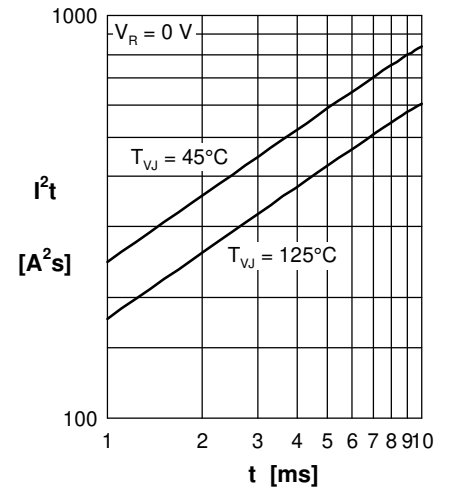
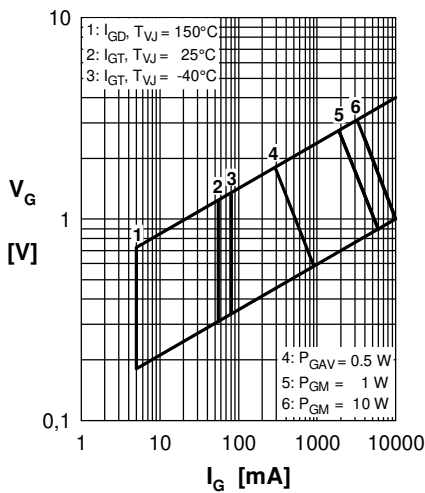

 Fig. 3 I^2t versus time (1-10 ms)


Fig. 4 Gate trigger characteristics

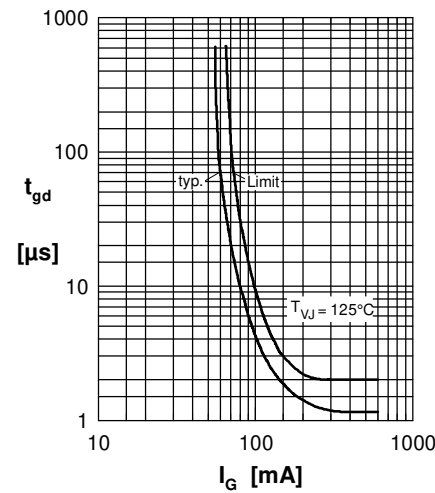


Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time

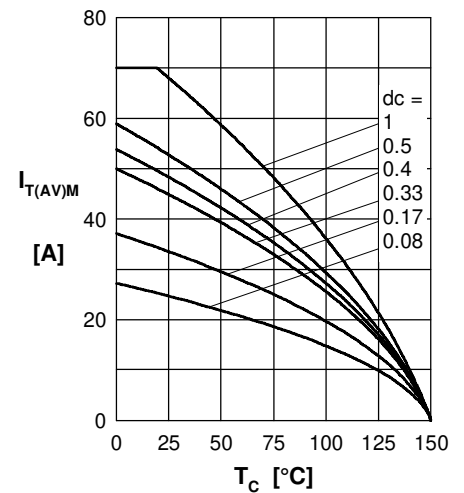


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

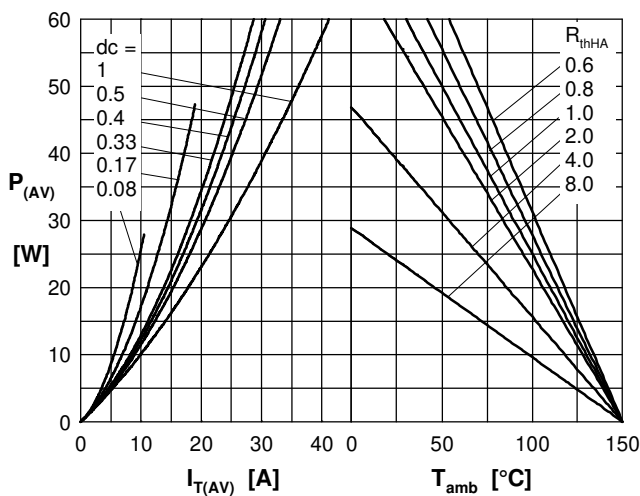
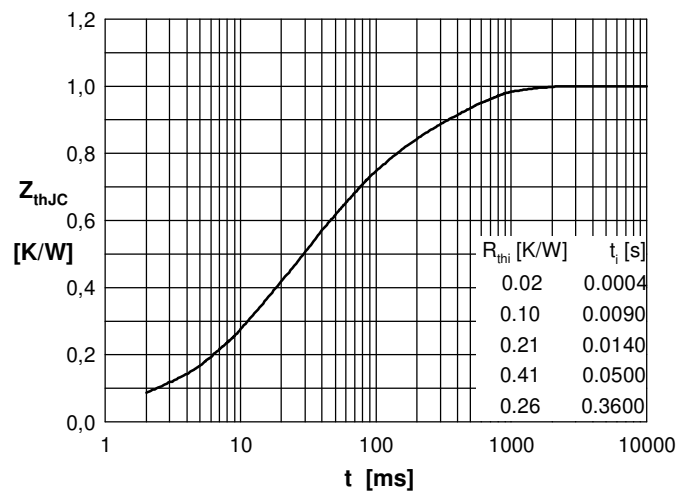

 Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current
 Fig. 7b and ambient temperature


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance