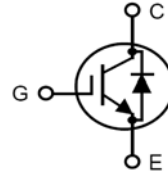


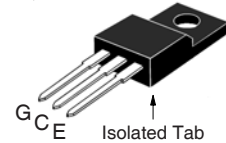
**XPT™ 650V IGBT  
GenX3™ w/Diode**
**IXYP20N65C3D1M**

(Electrically Isolated Tab)


 Extreme Light Punch Through  
IGBT for 20-60 kHz Switching

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CES} &= 650V \\ I_{C110} &= 9A \\ V_{CE(sat)} &\leq 2.5V \\ t_{fi(typ)} &= 28ns \end{aligned}$$

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$V_{CES}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to $175^\circ\text{C}$	650	V
$V_{CGR}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to $175^\circ\text{C}$ , $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	650	V
$V_{GES}$	Continuous	$\pm 20$	V
$V_{GEM}$	Transient	$\pm 30$	V
$I_{C25}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	18	A
$I_{C110}$	$T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	9	A
$I_{F110}$	$T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	13	A
$I_{CM}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , 1ms	105	A
$I_A$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	10	A
$E_{AS}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	200	mJ
<b>SSOA</b> <b>(RBSOA)</b>	$V_{GE} = 15V$ , $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ , $R_G = 20\Omega$ Clamped Inductive Load	$I_{CM} = 40$ $V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	A
$t_{sc}$ <b>(SCSOA)</b>	$V_{GE} = 15V$ , $V_{CE} = 360V$ , $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $R_G = 82\Omega$ , Non Repetitive	10	$\mu\text{s}$
$P_C$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	50	W
$T_J$		-55 ... +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{JM}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{stg}$		-55 ... +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_L$	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	300	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{SOLD}$	1.6 mm (0.062in.) from Case for 10s	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, 1 Minute	2500	V~
$M_d$	Mounting Torque	1.13 / 10	Nm/lb.in
<b>Weight</b>		2.5	g

**OVERMOLDED  
TO-220**

 G = Gate      C = Collector  
E = Emitter

**Features**

- Optimized for 20-60kHz Switching
- Plastic Overmolded Tab for Electrical Isolation
- Square RBSOA
- Avalanche Rated
- Anti-Parallel Fast Diode
- Short Circuit Capability
- 2500V~ Electrical Isolation
- International Standard Package

**Advantages**

- High Power Density
- Extremely Rugged
- Low Gate Drive Requirement

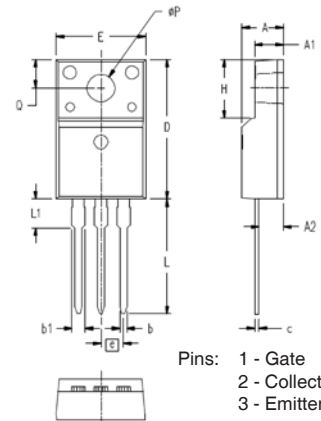
**Applications**

- Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Battery Chargers
- Welding Machines
- Lamp Ballasts
- High Frequency Power Inverters

Symbol	Test Conditions ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$BV_{CES}$	$I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 0V$	650		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.5		6.0 V
$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$ , $V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$			10 $\mu\text{A}$ 400 $\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE} = 0V$ , $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			$\pm 100$ nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 20A$ , $V_{GE} = 15V$ , Note 1 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.27 2.44	V V

Symbol	Test Conditions ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$g_{fs}$	$I_C = 20\text{A}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ , Note 1	7	12	S
$C_{ies}$	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$		822	pF
$C_{oes}$			67	pF
$C_{res}$			19	pF
$Q_{g(on)}$	$I_C = 20\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		30	nC
$Q_{ge}$			6	nC
$Q_{gc}$			15	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	<b>Inductive load, <math>T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}</math></b> $I_C = 20\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}, R_G = 20\Omega$ Note 2		19	ns
$t_{ri}$			34	ns
$E_{on}$			0.43	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			80	ns
$t_{fi}$			28	ns
$E_{off}$		0.35	0.65	mJ
$t_{d(on)}$	<b>Inductive load, <math>T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}</math></b> $I_C = 20\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}, R_G = 20\Omega$ Note 2		18	ns
$t_{ri}$			33	ns
$E_{on}$			0.70	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			96	ns
$t_{fi}$			36	ns
$E_{off}$		0.40	mJ	
$R_{thJC}$				3.00 $^\circ\text{C/W}$

### OVERMOLDED TO-220 (IXYP) Outline



Dim.	Millimeters		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.50	4.90	0.177	0.193
A1	2.34	2.74	0.092	0.108
A2	2.56	2.96	0.101	0.117
b	0.70	0.90	0.028	0.035
b1	1.27	1.47	0.050	0.058
c	0.45	0.60	0.018	0.024
D	15.67	16.07	0.617	0.633
E	9.96	10.36	0.392	0.408
e	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
H	6.48	6.88	0.255	0.271
L	12.68	13.28	0.499	0.523
L1	3.03	3.43	0.119	0.135
Ø P	3.08	3.28	0.121	0.129
Q	3.20	3.40	0.126	0.134

### Reverse Diode (FRED)

Symbol	Test Conditions ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$V_F$	$I_F = 10\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ , Note 1 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.7	3.0 V
$I_{RM}$	$I_F = 12\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ , $-di_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 100\text{V}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		2.5	A
$t_{rr}$			110	ns
$t_{rr}$	$I_F = 1\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, -di_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 30\text{V}$		30	ns
$R_{thJC}$				4.0 $^\circ\text{C/W}$

### Notes:

1. Pulse test,  $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle,  $d \leq 2\%$ .
2. Switching times & energy losses may increase for higher  $V_{CE}(\text{clamp})$ ,  $T_J$  or  $R_G$ .

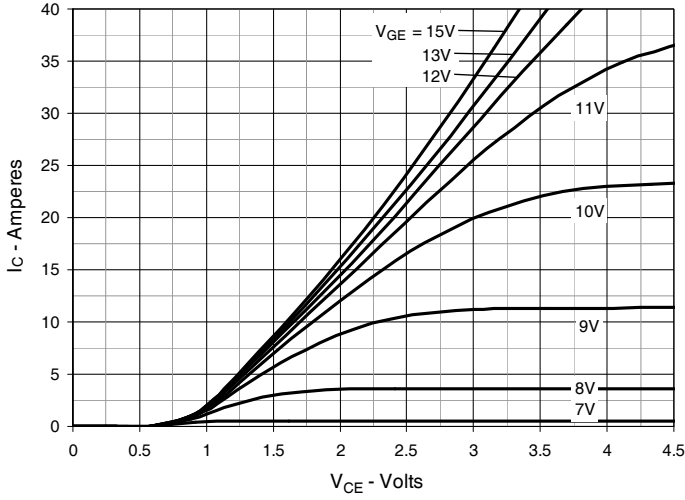
### PRELIMINARY TECHNICAL INFORMATION

The product presented herein is under development. The Technical Specifications offered are derived from a subjective evaluation of the design, based upon prior knowledge and experience, and constitute a "considered reflection" of the anticipated result. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions, and dimensions without notice.

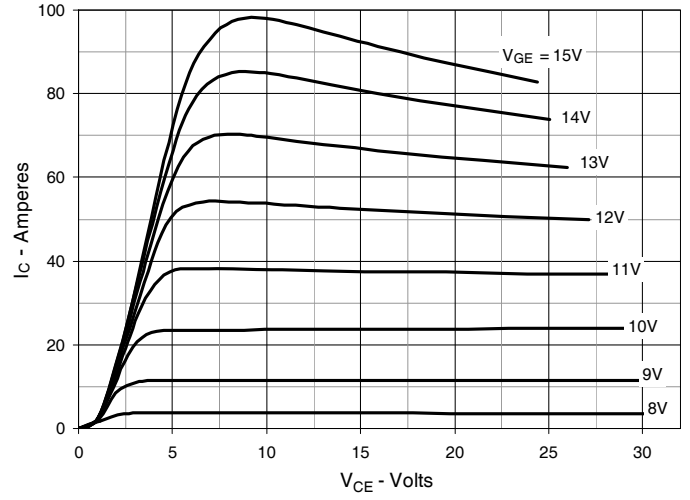
IXYS Reserves the Right to Change Limits, Test Conditions, and Dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
	4,860,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

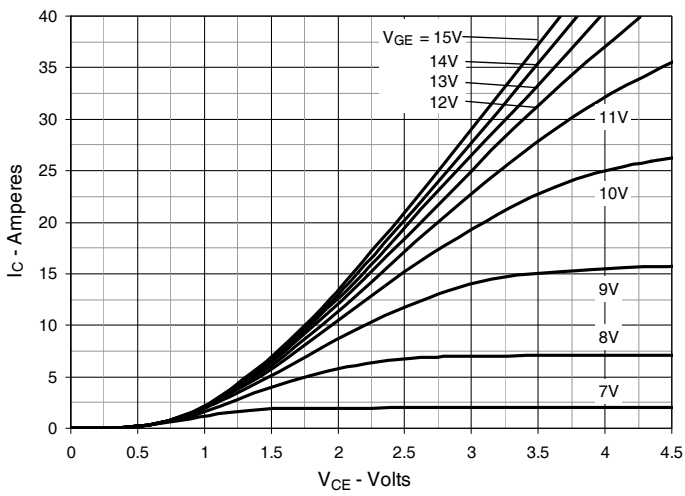
**Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$**



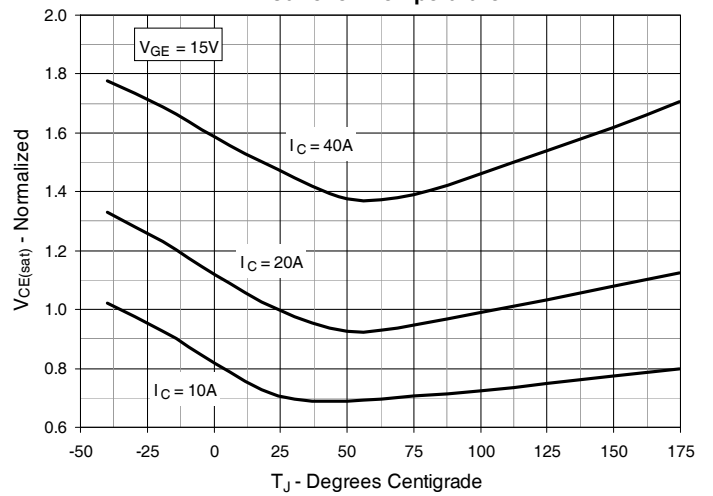
**Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$**



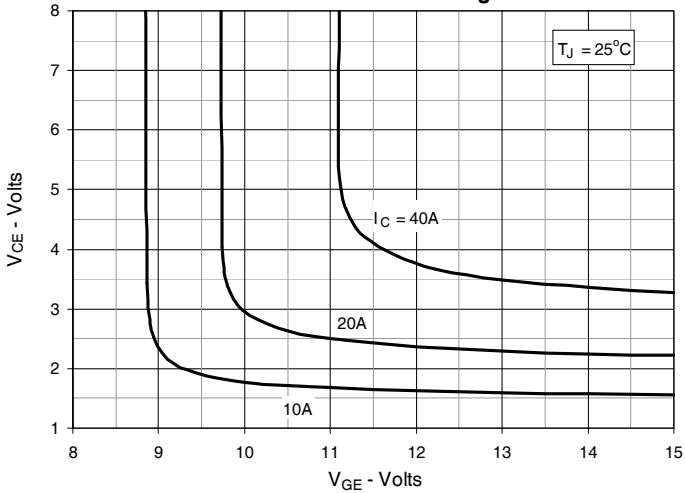
**Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$**



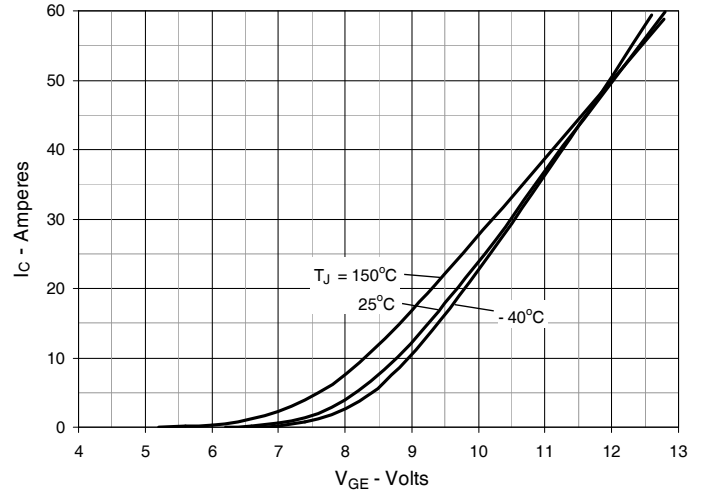
**Fig. 4. Dependence of  $V_{CE(sat)}$  on Junction Temperature**

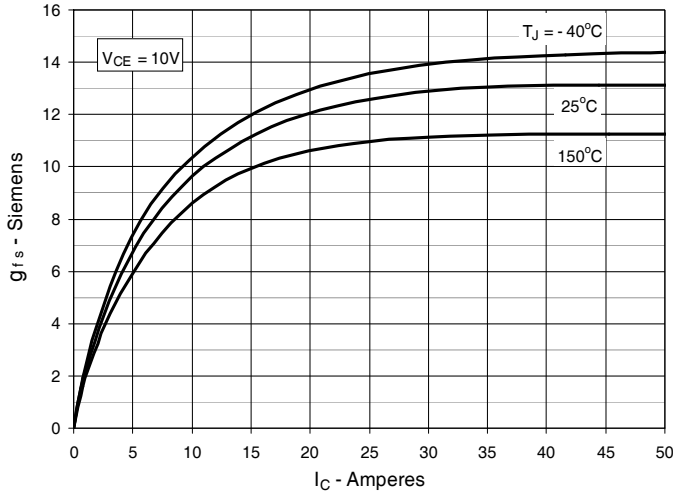
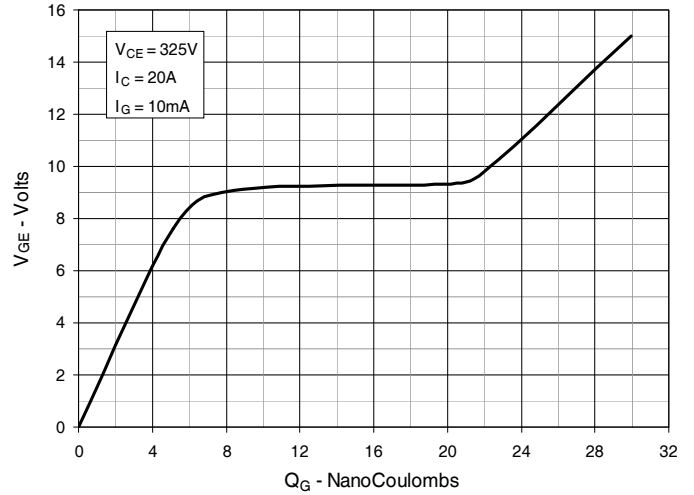
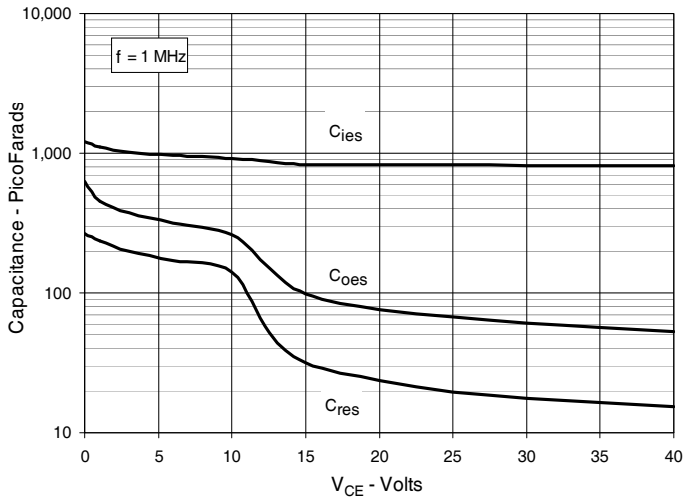
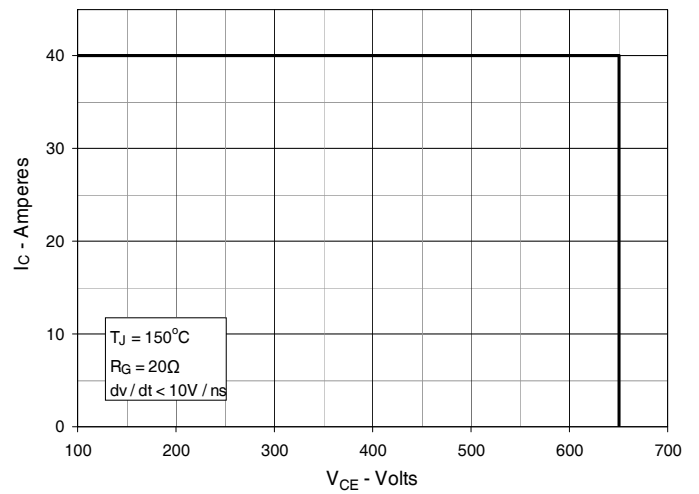
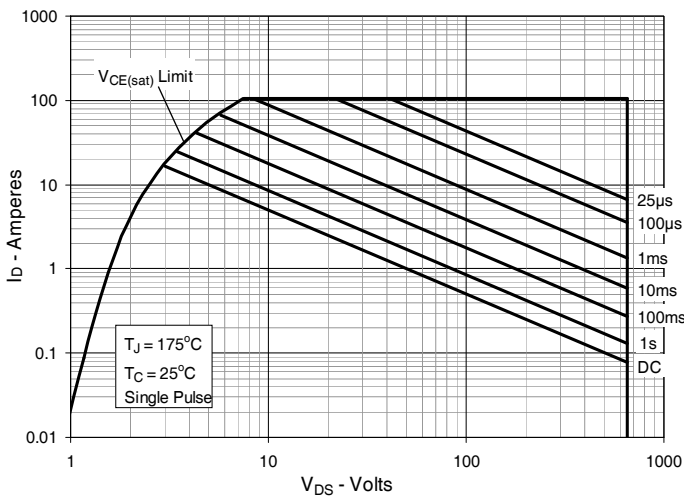
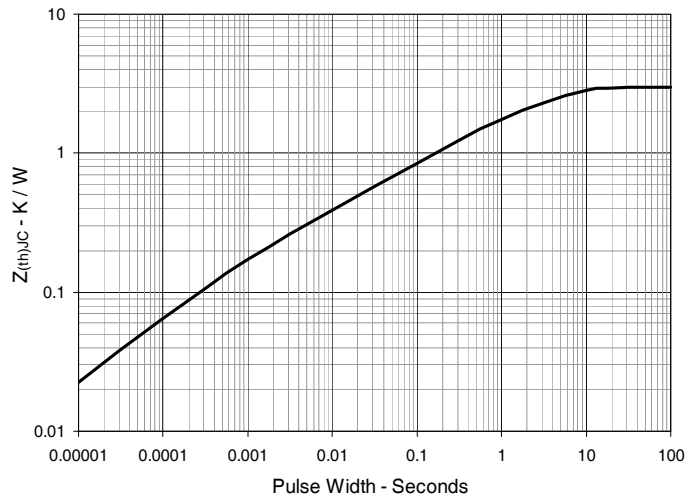


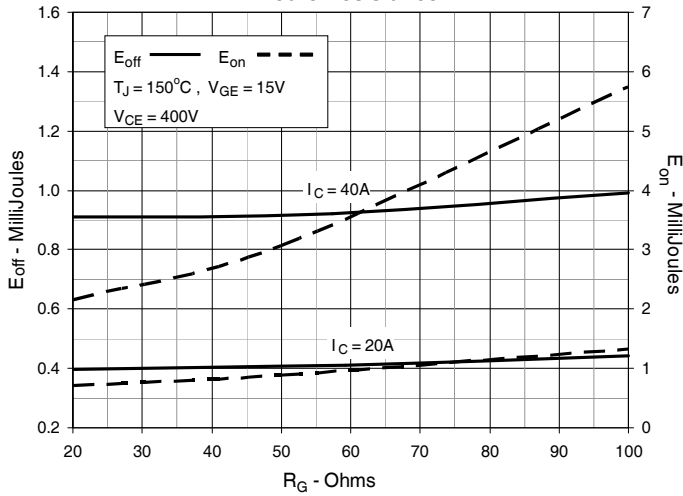
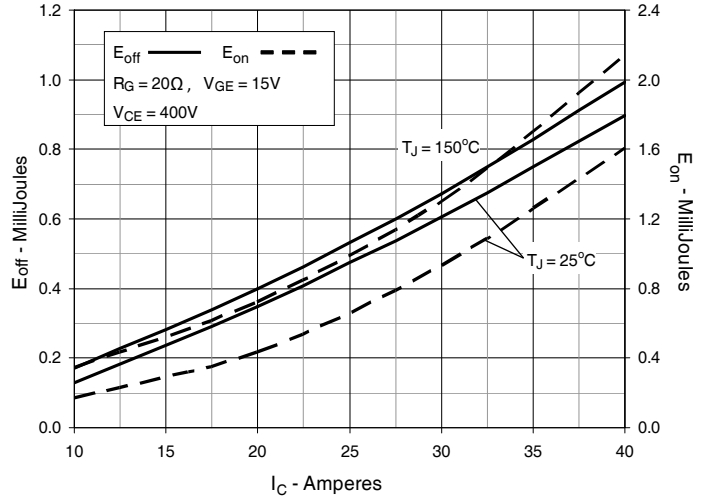
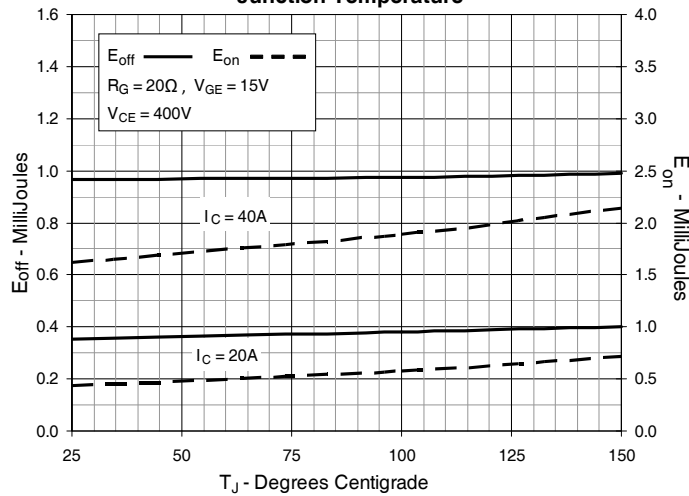
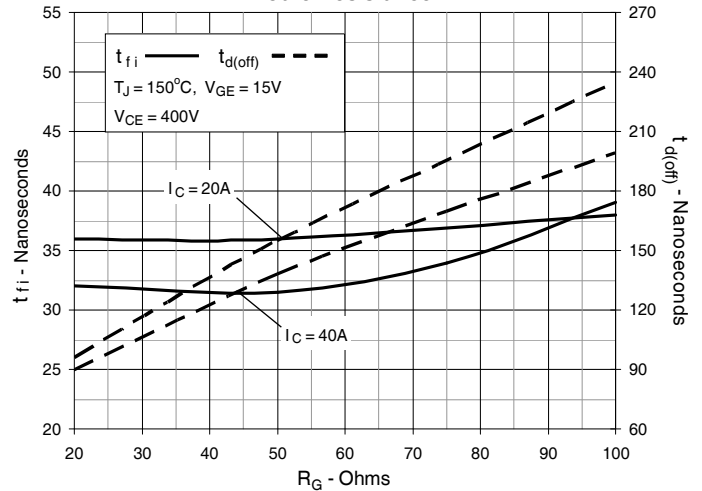
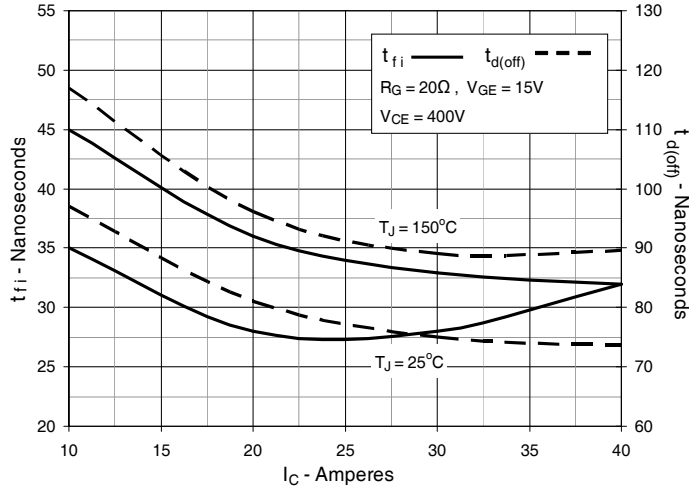
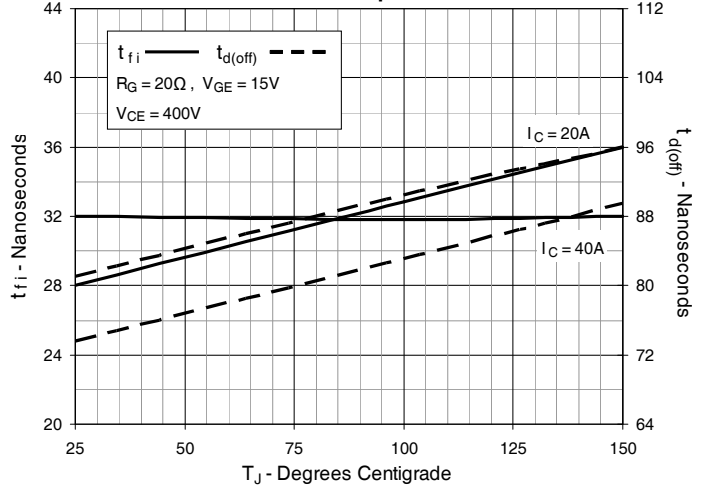
**Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage**

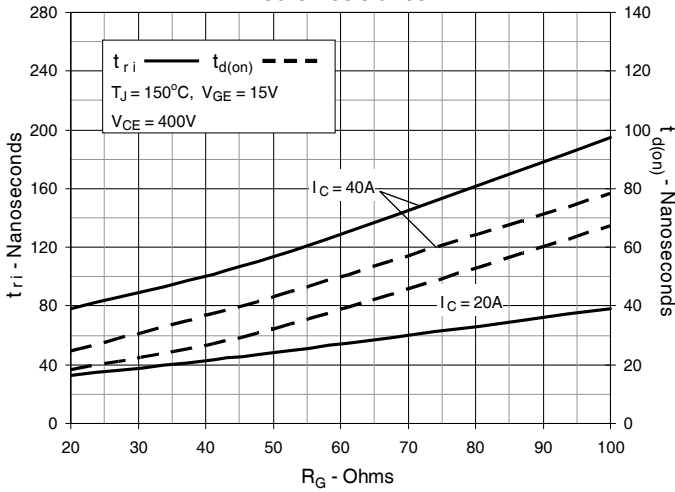
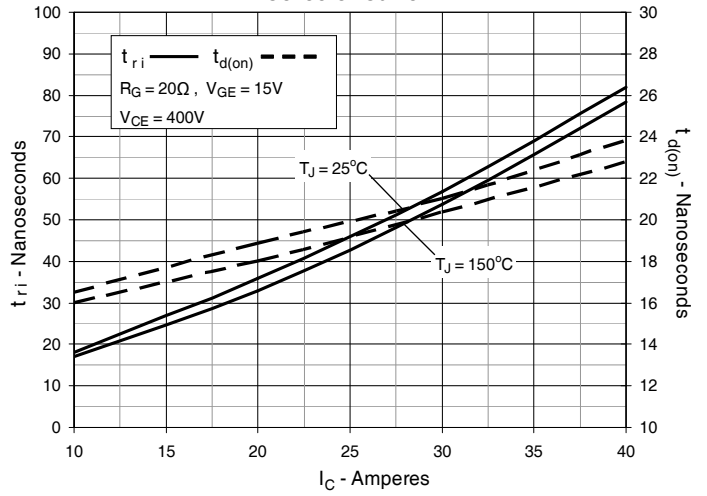
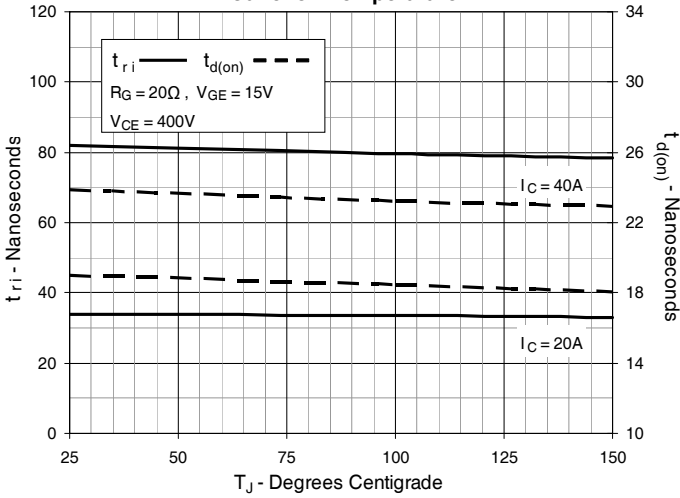
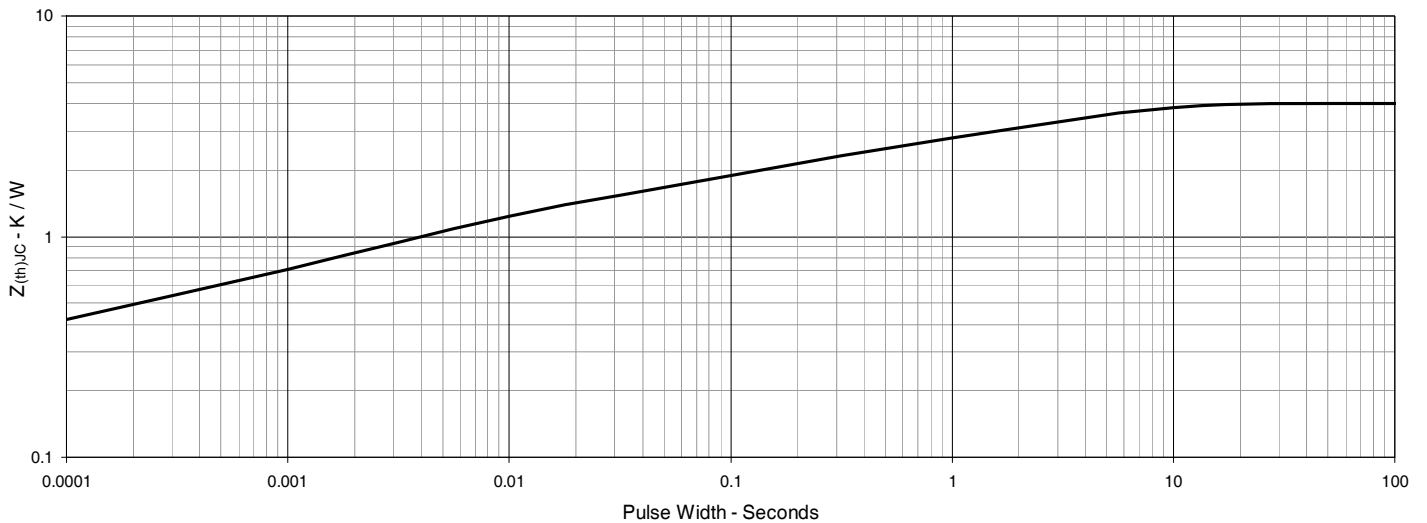


**Fig. 6. Input Admittance**



**Fig. 7. Transconductance**

**Fig. 8. Gate Charge**

**Fig. 9. Capacitance**

**Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area**

**Fig. 11. Forward-Bias Safe Operating Area**

**Fig. 12. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance**


**Fig. 13. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance**

**Fig. 14. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector Current**

**Fig. 15. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature**

**Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**

**Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Collector Current**

**Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**


**Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**

**Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Collector Current**

**Fig. 21. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**

**Fig. 22. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for Diode**




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