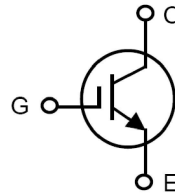


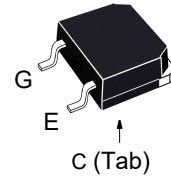
High Voltage XPT™ IGBT

IXYT25N250CHV IXYH25N250CHV

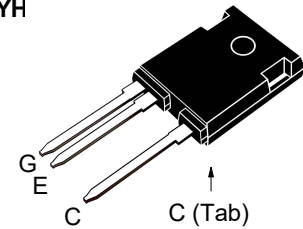
$V_{CES} = 2500V$
 $I_{C110} = 25A$
 $V_{CE(sat)} \leq 4.0V$
 $t_{fi(typ)} = 246ns$



TO-268HV
(IXYT..HV)



TO-247HV
(IXYH)



G = Gate C = Drain
 E = Source Tab = Drain

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $175^\circ C$	2500	V
V_{CGR}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $175^\circ C$, $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	2500	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	± 20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	± 30	V
I_{C25}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	95	A
I_{C110}	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	25	A
I_{CM}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$, 1ms	235	A
SSOA (RBSOA)	$V_{GE} = 15V$, $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$, $R_G = 5\Omega$ Clamped Inductive Load	$I_{CM} = 100$	A
		1500	V
P_C	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	937	W
T_J		-55 ... +175	$^\circ C$
T_{JM}		175	$^\circ C$
T_{stg}		-55 ... +175	$^\circ C$
T_L	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	300	$^\circ C$
T_{SOLD}	Plastic Body for 10s	260	$^\circ C$
M_d	Mounting Torque	1.13/10	Nm/lb.in
Weight	TO-268HV	4	g
	TO-247HV	6	g

Features

- High Voltage Package
- High Blocking Voltage
- High Peak Current Capability
- Low Saturation Voltage

Advantages

- Low Gate Drive Requirement
- High Power Density

Applications

- Switch-Mode and Resonant-Mode Power Supplies
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Laser Generators
- Capacitor Discharge Circuits
- AC Switches

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ C$, Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
BV_{CES}	$I_C = 250\mu A$, $V_{GE} = 0V$	2500		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu A$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.0		5.0 V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$, $V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_J = 100^\circ C$			25 μA
			100	μA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			± 100 nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 25A$, $V_{GE} = 15V$, Note 1 $T_J = 150^\circ C$		3.4	4.0 V
			4.7	V

Symbol Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)		Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
g_{fs}	$I_C = 25\text{A}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$, Note 1	16	27	S
R_{Gi}	Gate Input Resistance		2.8	Ω
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$		3060	pF
C_{oes}			114	pF
C_{res}			43	pF
$Q_{g(on)}$	$I_C = 25\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		147	nC
Q_{ge}			16	nC
Q_{gc}			68	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 25\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}, R_G = 5\Omega$ Note 2		15	ns
t_{ri}			34	ns
E_{on}			8.3	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			230	ns
t_{fi}			246	ns
E_{off}			7.3	mJ
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 25\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}, R_G = 5\Omega$ Note 2		18	ns
t_{ri}			33	ns
E_{on}			11.0	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			225	ns
t_{fi}			350	ns
E_{off}			10.5	mJ
R_{thJC}	TO-247HV			0.16 $^\circ\text{C/W}$
R_{thCS}			0.21	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Note: 1. Pulse test, $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$.

Littelfuse reserves the right to change limits, test conditions, and dimensions.

LF MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:

4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338 B2
4,860,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

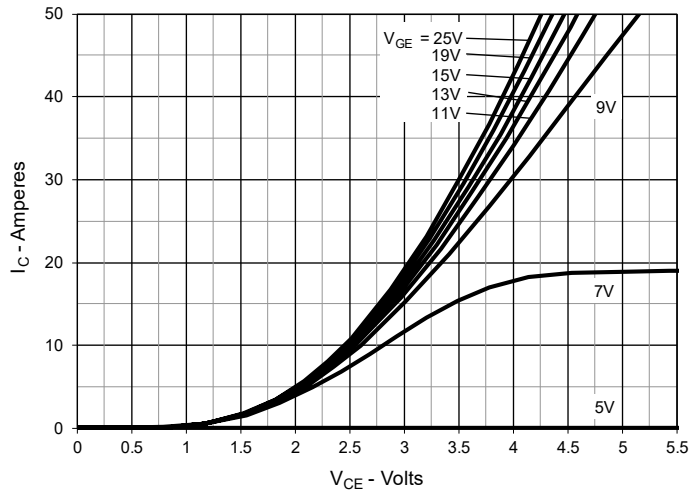


Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

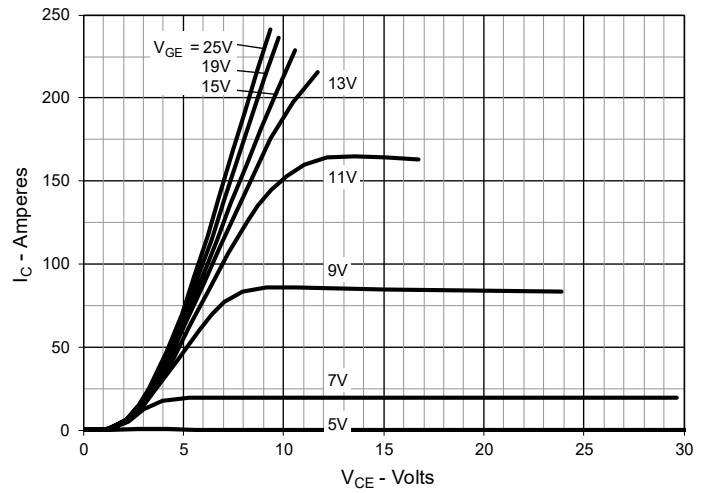


Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

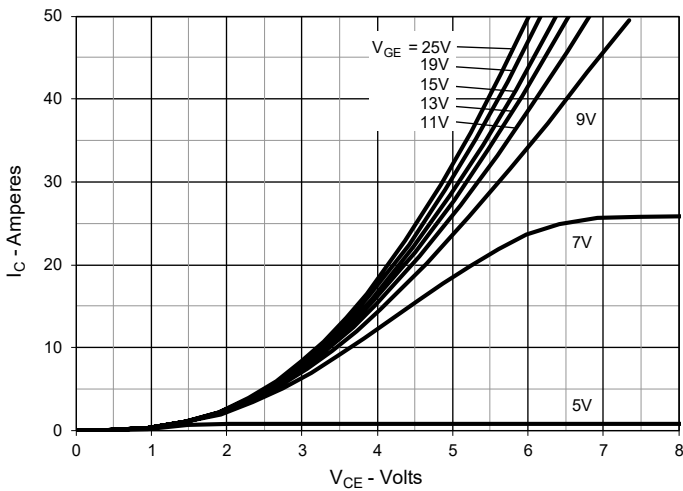


Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on Junction Temperature

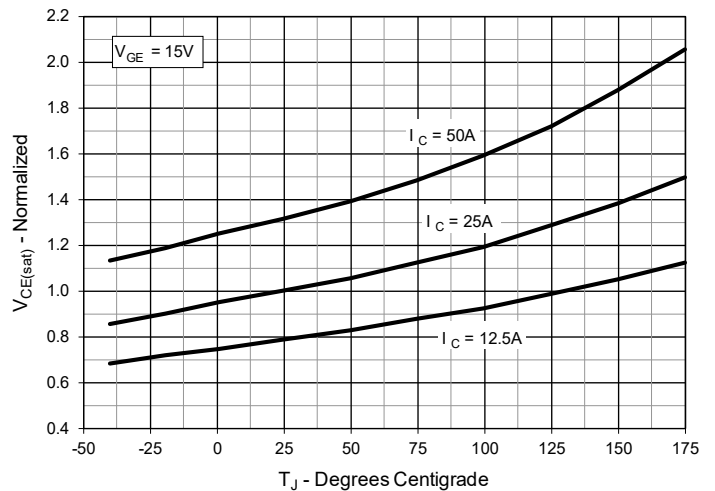


Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

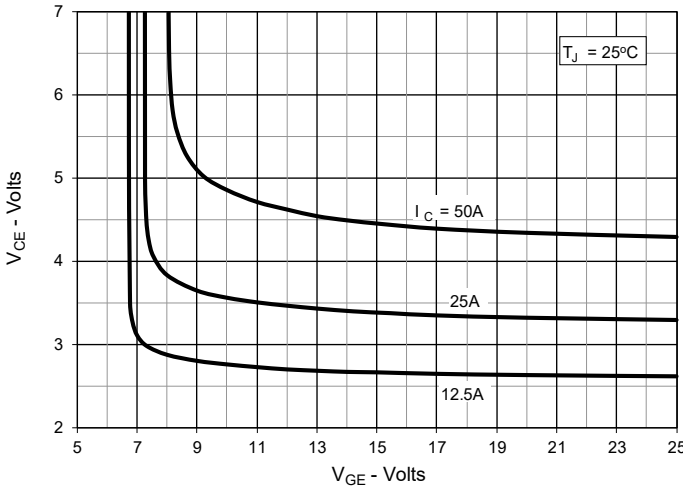


Fig. 6. Input Admittance

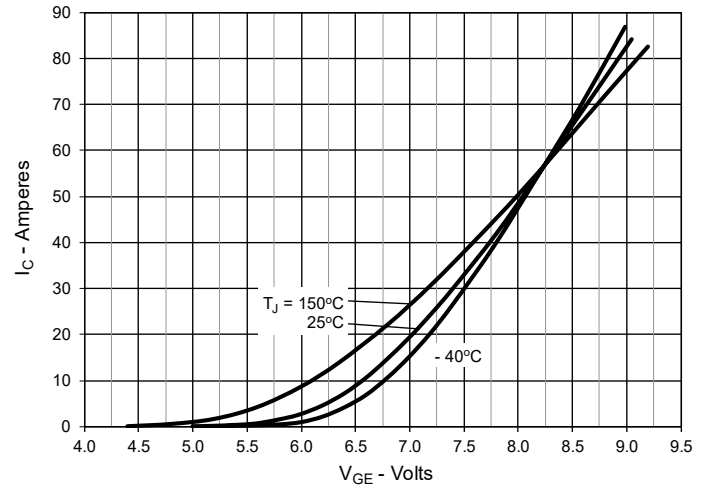


Fig. 7. Transconductance

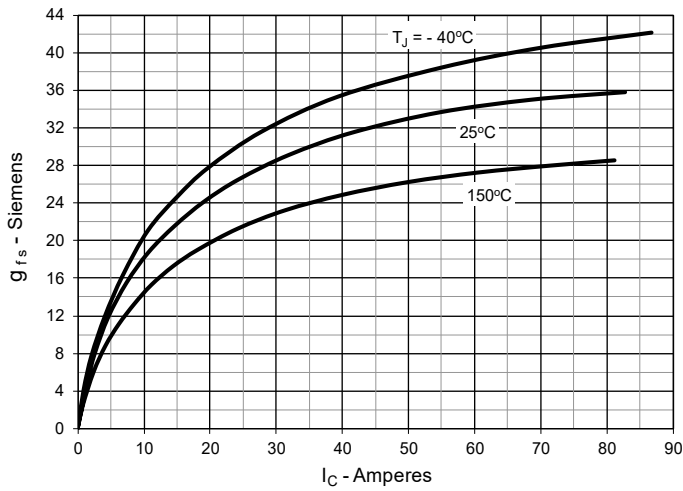


Fig. 8. Gate Charge

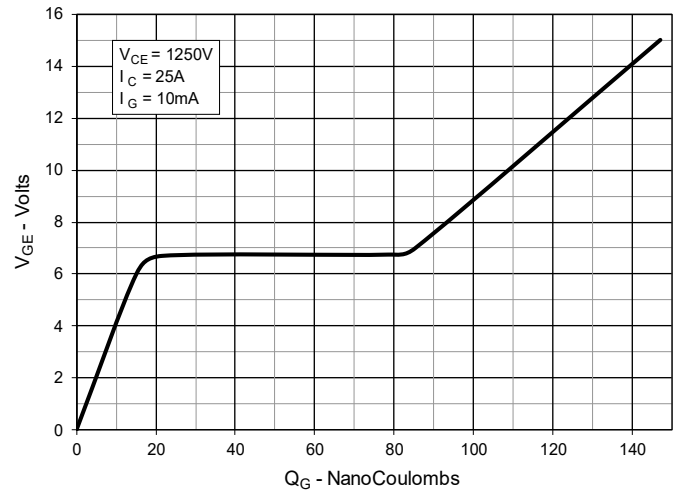


Fig. 9. Capacitance

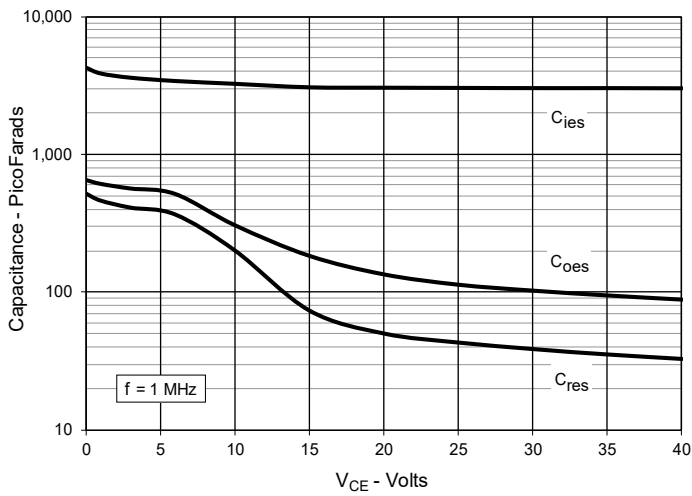


Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

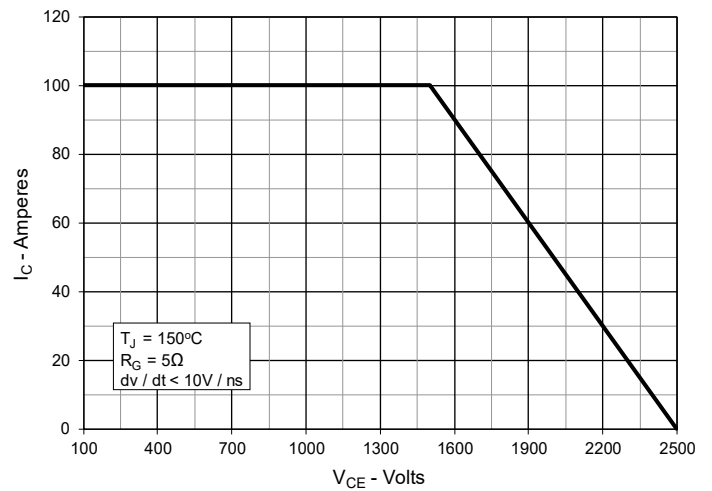


Fig. 11. Forward-Bias Safe Operating Area

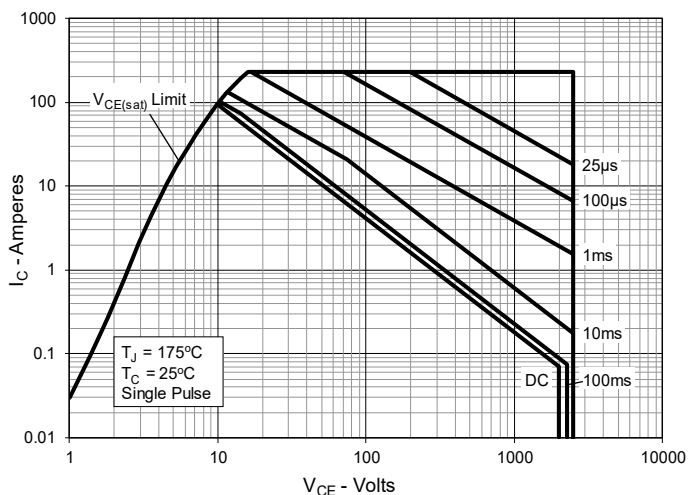


Fig. 12. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

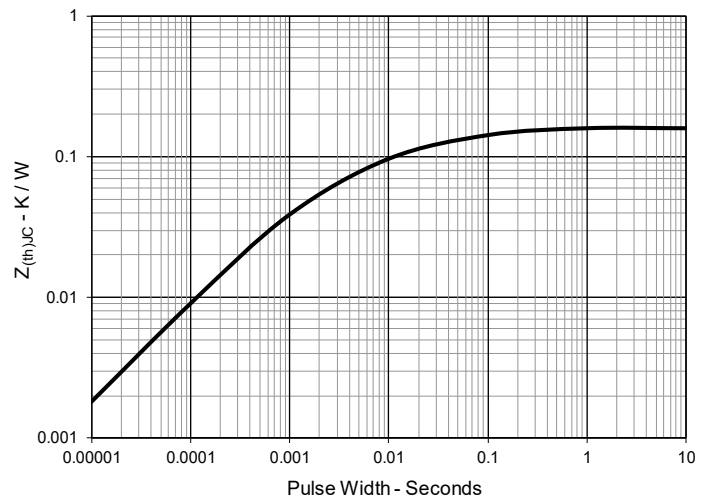


Fig. 13. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance

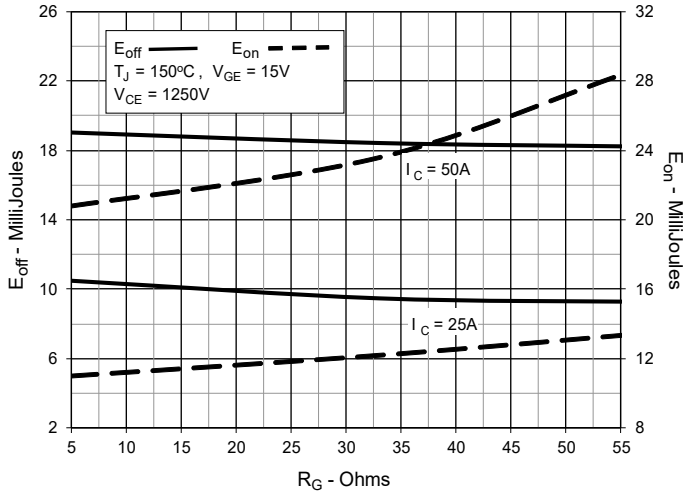


Fig. 14. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector Current

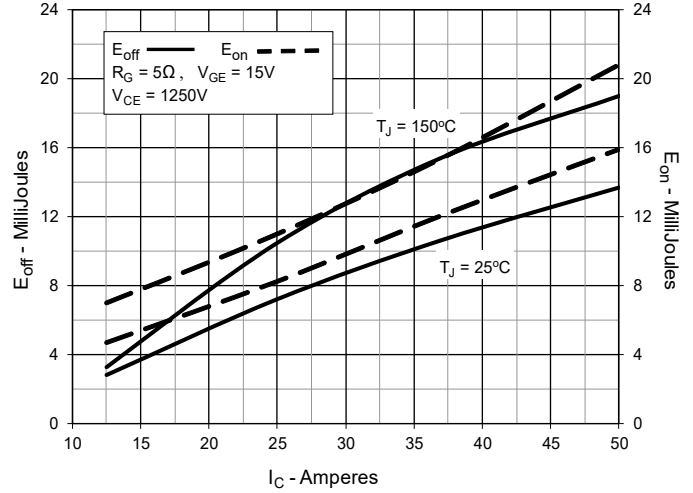


Fig. 15. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature

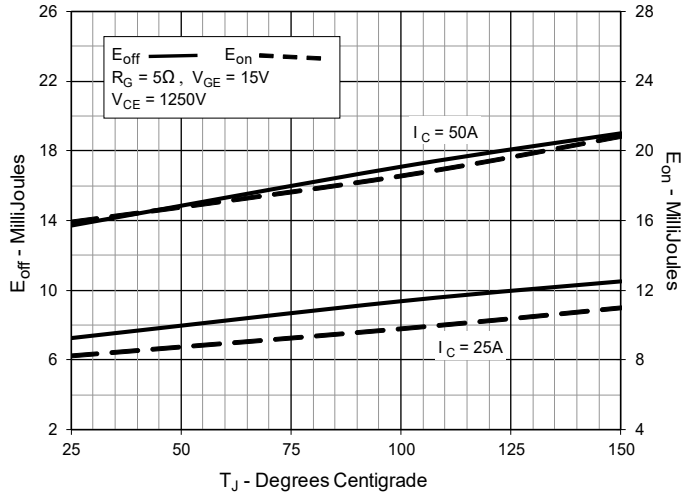


Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

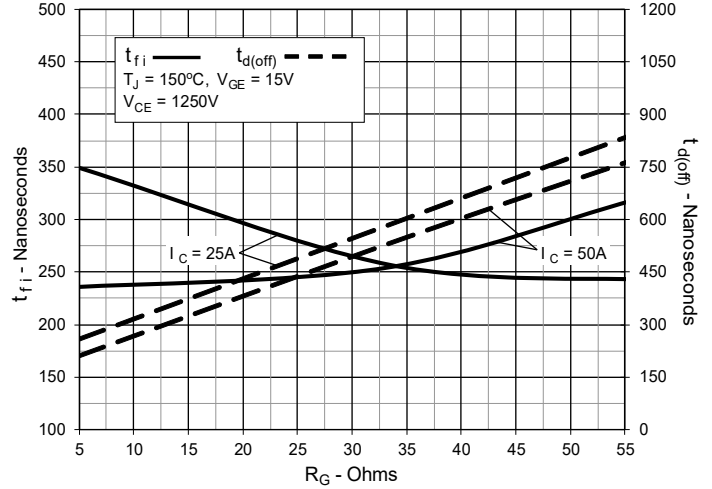


Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Collector Current

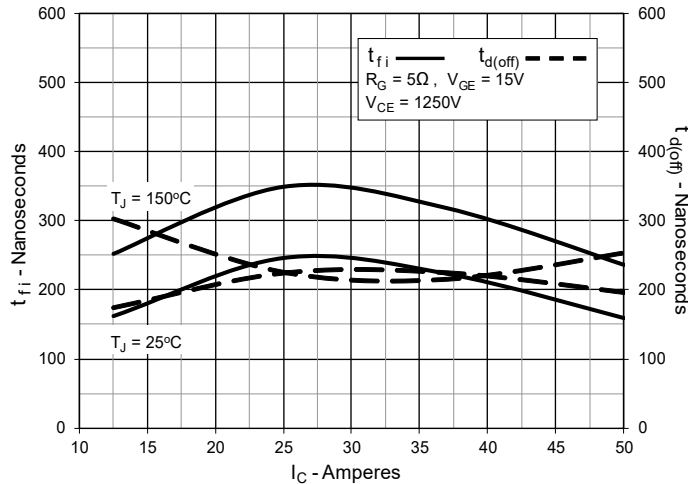


Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature

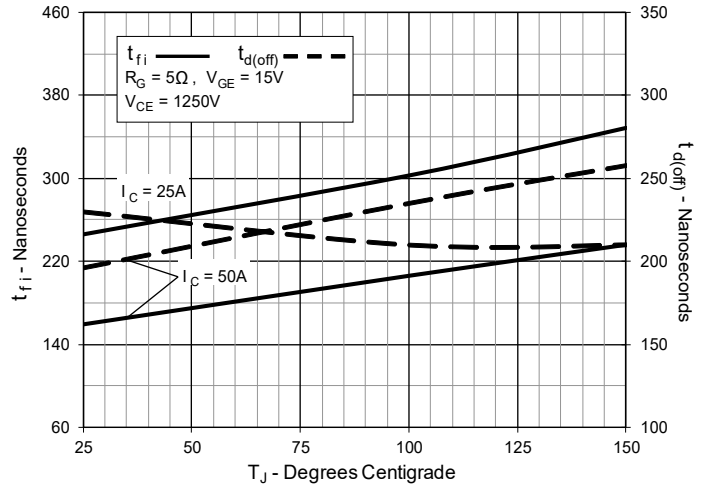


Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

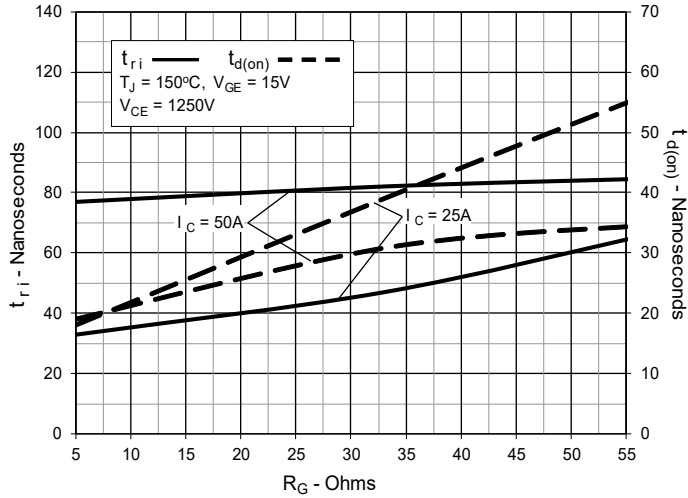


Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Collector Current

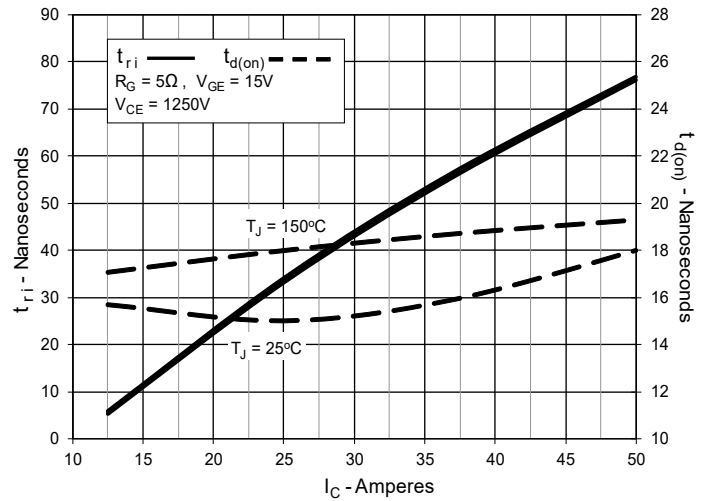
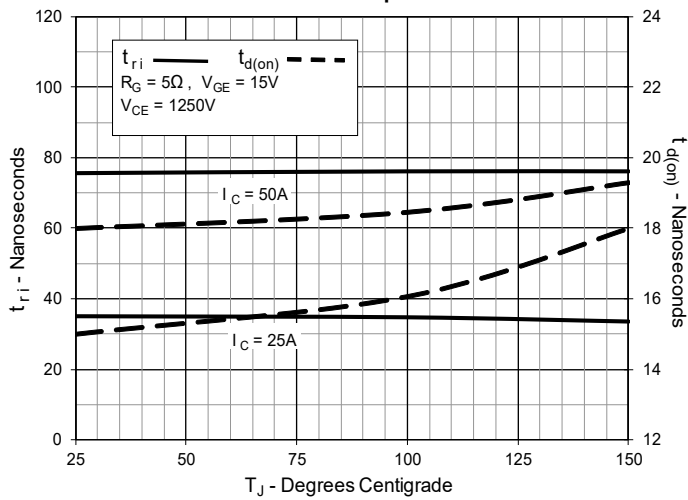
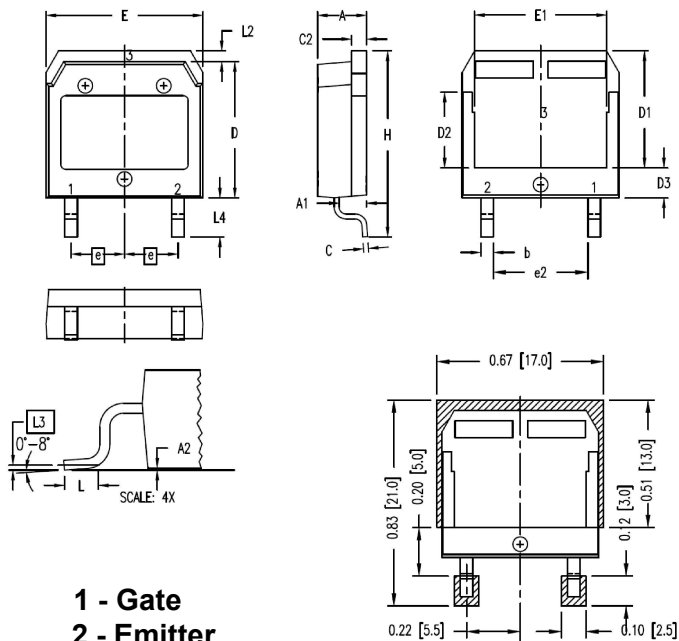


Fig. 21. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature



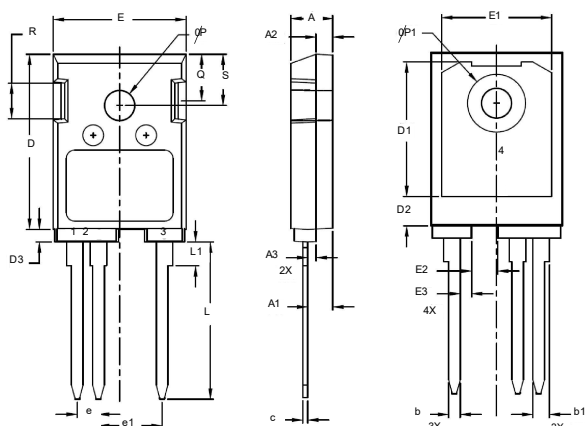
TO-268HV Outline



- 1 - Gate**
- 2 - Emitter**
- 3 - Collector**

SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETER	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.193	.201	4.90	5.10
A1	.106	.114	2.70	2.90
A2	.001	.010	0.02	0.25
b	.045	.057	1.15	1.45
C	.016	.026	0.40	0.65
C2	.057	.063	1.45	1.60
D	.543	.551	13.80	14.00
D1	.465	.476	11.80	12.10
D2	.295	.307	7.50	7.80
D3	.114	.126	2.90	3.20
E	.624	.632	15.85	16.05
E1	.524	.535	13.30	13.60
e	.215 BSC		5.45 BSC	
(e2)	.374	.386	9.50	9.80
H	.736	.752	18.70	19.10
L	.067	.079	1.70	2.00
L2	.039	.045	1.00	1.15
L3	.010 BSC		0.25 BSC	
L4	.150	.161	3.80	4.10

TO-247HV Outline



- PINS:**
- 1 - Gate**
 - 2 - Emitter**
 - 3, 4 - Collector**

SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.193	.201	4.90	5.10
A1	.114	.122	2.90	3.10
A2	.075	.083	1.90	2.10
A3	.035	.043	0.90	1.10
b	.053	.059	1.35	1.50
b1	.075	.083	1.90	2.10
c	.022	.030	0.55	0.75
D	.819	.843	20.80	21.40
D1	.638	.646	16.20	16.40
D2	.134	.146	3.40	3.70
D3	.055	.063	1.40	1.60
E	.622	.638	15.80	16.20
E1	.520	.528	13.20	13.40
E2	.118	.126	3.00	3.20
E3	.051	.059	1.30	1.50
e	.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
e1	.300 BSC		7.62 BSC	
L	.732	.748	18.60	19.00
L1	.106	.118	2.70	3.00
ϕP	.138	.142	3.50	3.60
ϕP1	.272	.280	6.90	7.10
Q	.216	.224	5.50	5.70
R	.165	.169	4.20	4.30
S	.240	.248	6.10	6.30

