RELAYS









MARKET AND CUSTOM SOLUTIONS FOR VEHICLE POWER RELAYS

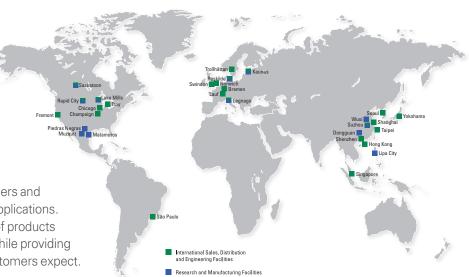




Local Resources for a **GLOBAL** Market

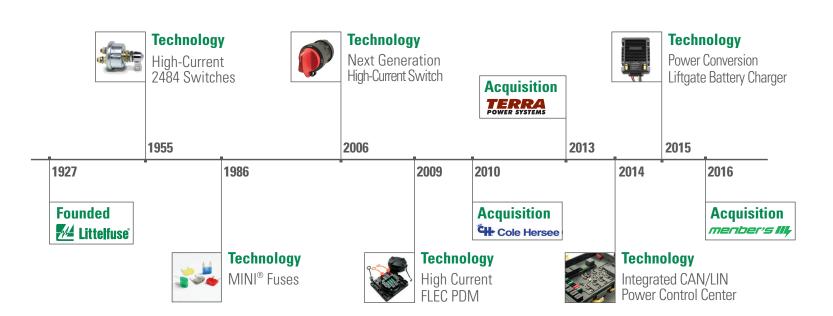
Littelfuse products help protect, control and distribute vehicle electrical power in OEM and aftermarket applications for industries such as heavy-duty truck, construction and agriculture. We offer a broad and reliable selection of fuses, fuse blocks, power distribution modules, high-current switches, relays and solenoids to fit your requirements.

For decades, we have helped OEMs, engineers and end-users select the right product for their applications. Today, Littelfuse offers the broadest range of products for protection, sensing, and control needs while providing exceptional service and support that our customers expect.





Over 90 Years of **Electrical Power Expertise**



Our Market Focus **INDUSTRIES** and Applications



Truck & Bus

On-Highway

Construction

Skid Steers

Agriculture

Harvesters

Tractors

Loaders

■ Transit Buses Vocational

Excavators

Cranes

Lawn Turf

Loaders

Severe Duty



Material Handling

- Fork Lifts ■ Telehandlers
- Aerial Work Platform ■ Pallet Jacks



Municipality

- Emergency
- Fire & Rescue ■ Waste Trucks Utility



Marine & Recreational

- Boats & Marine
 - Recreation Vehicles
- Golf Carts
- ATV & Snowmobiles



Why Choose Littelfuse

Littelfuse is the global leader in circuit protection solutions with the broadest spectrum of electrical power technologies. Our Commercial Vehicle Products portfolio provides a total solution to protect, control and distribute vehicle electrical power.

Single Source for Vehicle Electrical Products

Littelfuse offers an extensive commercial vehicle product line and if an off-the-shelf product does not fit your needs we can work with you to develop a customized solution that fits your application.

Product Development and Testing Expertise

Our global team of engineers design innovative solutions, provide customer support and perform product testing to ensure you have the best solution that meets all requirements and regulations.

Global Support Team

Littelfuse has a world-wide team of specialist prepared to support your application needs from conceptual development to continuous quality assurance for the lifetime of your program.

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Why Should You Use a Relay?

The main job of a relay is to enable remote switching within an electrical system. A relay allows switching of a high current circuit by a low current signal.

This allows the relay to be placed close to the power source, or load to be switched, so that expensive high current cabling is minimized, while still giving easy access to the operator to turn the relay on or off.

Application Considerations

What is your application? Knowing your application will be key to selecting the right solution.



Load Type

Is it going to be switching a load on and off frequently so it needs high switching cycle life? Or will it be used to turn on a load and keep it on for a long time, and it needs to be very efficient with minimal losses?

It is important to understand how the relay will be used.

Load Ratings Requirements

What is the application voltage? What are the continuous and peak currents? What kind and size of wire will be used to connect the power terminals? Understanding your application electrical load requirements will help with your relay selection

Mounting Locations

Where will the unit be mounted? Will it be protected in an enclosure like a charging station or 5G base station or exposed to the elements in an engine bay or on a frame rail?

Identifying the required mounting location is important as it will affect the selection of the relay for maximum life.

Circuit Protection

Do I need to consider circuit protection with the relay? How will I integrate them so I have an efficient installation? Protecting a relay's main power wires that run to secondary power distribution is a frequently overlooked aspect of high current relay applications.

Electrical Considerations

It is important to understand the specific application electrical requirements before selecting the most appropriate relay. Electrical considerations like voltage, amperage, coil type, high current terminals, smart connectivity, and others help drive relay selection to best match the application



Voltage

The voltage of a relay has two separate voltage ratings. One rating for the coil and one rating for the main contacts. In many cases, they are the same but also can be very different. In High Voltage relays, they tend to be very different, with relay contacts rated at 1000V to handle the high voltage required whilst being operated by coils of 12V-96V.



There are several different current ratings that need to be considered when picking

Continuous Carry Current - The current that the relay can carry essentially forever without the temperature rising above a set value.

Inrush Current or Starting Current - A short duration current value that is the maximum the switch can withstand without raising the temperature over that same value (10-60 secs). Examples include starting event, incandescent light in-rush, Inductive load start up, etc. It is very important to match the in-rush current rating of the relay to the application, especially in applications with inductive or capacitive loads.



Monostable relays (also sometimes referred to as normally open) turn on when the coil is ON and turn OFF when the coil is OFF. They have one position (usually OFF) that they return to when the coil is turned OFF. This type of relay is usually designed to control a specific load that is turned ON and OFF as needed in the vehicle.

Bi-stable (or latching relays) are relays that are designed to stay in either the ON or OFF positions with no power applied. Once they receive an activation signal to change state from OFF to ON (or ON to OFF) they do not consume any power.



These smaller terminals connect the solenoid coil of the relay to the control input. In sealed relays, frequently these are in a sealed connector.

High Current Terminals

In high current relays, the most common style of main terminals are studs or screws. These usually range from M6 to M12, with the size usually corresponding to the relay rating (larger studs for larger currents). Tin or Silver plated terminals help prevent bad contact by limiting corrosion. It is beneficial to always try to use stainless steel hardware as this eliminates the issue of galvanic corrosion

Smart Connectivity

Relays can incorporate many smart features to control the switching. Examples include delay timers, voltage sensors, or bussed connection via CAN or LIN communications.

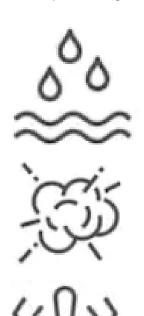




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Application Environment Considerations

It is important to match the environmental requirements to the application. Where is the relay to be mounted on the vehicle? Will it be in the battery box, under the hood, in the cab or out placed on the frame rail? Each has their own unique challenges.



Ingress Protection (IP)

Rating that describes the level of liquids and solids protection the switch has. Generally, the higher the number in either digit that follows the IP, the better the ingress protection. Ingress of contaminants can lead to corrosion. Road salt corrosion is becoming an increasingly common problem. In the event corrosion leads to a short-circuit resulting in a fire, a battery switch can be activated to prevent further damage to the vehicle or injury to occupants. On an unattended vehicle, chaffed or damaged wires can short-circuit causing a thermal event that can destroy the equipment, vehicles around it, or the building where it is parked.

Shock & Vibration

Relay specifications are often tied to international agency standards such as SAE or ISO. This ensures that the relay was tested to specifications that are appropriate for use on a vehicle. Industrial relays, even ones with good quality, are not designed for use on vehicles.

Temperature

Different locations on the vehicle will put different thermal loading on the relay. Most automotive relays are rated from -40°C to 85°C for operation and some go as high as 125°C. Picking a relay that has appropriate temperature ratings for your application is very important.

SOLID STATE (SSR) vs. ELECTROMECHANICAL (EM) Relays

Solid state relays very different than electromechanical relays as there is no mechanical make or break of the electrical flow to create an arc. SSRs control the flow of electricity by enabling or disabling electron flow through the semi-conductor. This means that an SSR does not arc when opening or closing the circuit. However, most SSRs are monodirectional devices so they cannot control current in the reverse direction. SSRs are also typically are more expensive than similarly rated electromechanical relays.



KEY TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

Amp/Amperage - The strength of an electric current in Amperes (the basic unit of electrical current in the International System of Units).

Bi-Stable - The relay contacts remain in their present switch position when the excitation current is switched off.

Busbar - In electric power distribution, a busbar (also bus bar) is a metallic strip or bar, typically housed inside switchgear, panel boards, and busway enclosures for local power distribution.

Circuit – The path over which an electrical charge flows.

Connectorized – Products that have an existing, integrally molded, female or male market available connector.

Continuous Rating - The rating meant to indicate what the device can handle forever with no interruption. It is usually measured as the amperage that a device can handle for one hour without exceeding the maximum allowed temperature rise at the terminals.

Harsh Environments – Shock or vibration ratings in addition to IP or Ingress Protection ratings a product can be

High Current – Nominal current range above 60A, 32 VDC

Inrush Rating - The short duration rating of the switch. This rating is meant to reflect the ability of the switch to withstand a short term, high current event like starting. A large diesel engine starting in cold weather can draw close to 2000A for about 30 seconds.

IP Rating - IP Rating - Formally known as an International Protection rating, but often referred to as Ingress Protection, this rating determines the resistance of a device to environmental contaminants

Low Current - Nominal current range below 60A, 32 VDC

Mechanically Latched – When a relays uses a locking mechanisms to hold contacts in the last position until they receive electrical stimuli to change.

Magnetically Latched – When a relay requires one pulse of coil power to move contacts into one state, and then requires another pulse that is redirected to move the contacts back to the other state. The magnet will be held in the closed position by the permanent magenet until the second pulse.

PCBA – (Printed Circuit Board Assembly) is the board obtained after all printing solder paste on the PCB and then mounting various components like resistors, ICs (Integrated Circuits), capacitors and any other components like transformers depending on the application and desired characteristics of the board.

Short Circuit - An abnormal low resistance path between two polarities, or polar opposite, circuits. It can be accompanied by overheating, an explosion, or fire. A short-circuit is also likely to cause damage to components or equipment in that circuit.

Terminals – A reusable interface creating a point where external circuits can be connected. Terminals can be connected at the end of a wire and consist of either connectors or fasteners.

Common Applications



AGRICULTURE

- Tractors
- Harvestors



CONSTRUCTION

- Excavators
- Loaders



MATERIAL HANDLING

- Fork Lifts
- Telehandlers
- Pallet Jacks

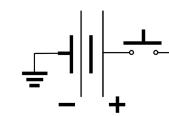


Products Designed for Your Industry Leading Equipment



High Current Performance

250A continuous current rating, 2000A for 5 sec. intermittent rating, 12V/24V so there is no need to stock two relays.



Reliability and Safety

Disconnects battery from the vehicle electrical system, Prevents battery drain, Prevents thermal events in accidents.

Programmable Time Delay

User programmable time delay cut off from

1 second to 1 hour via toggle switch and LED blinking. Benefits: Selective Catalytic

Reduction (SCR) is common in heavy duty diesel engine vehicles (emissions control

technology system that injects a Diesel

Exhaust Fluid (DEF) which helps reduce emissions, Programmable Time Delay allows the DEF to get pumped out of the engine (exhaust manifold) area, back into a tank to prevent corrosion before the relay disconnects main power from the battery,

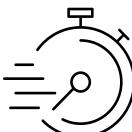
Allows any remote control devices to be charged, Lets vehicle electronic units store



Sealed Relay

Bi-Stable Relay

IP67/IP69K waterproof sealed.



Bi-stable relay has two states, mechanically latches in the ON or OFF state, Monostable relay does not latch rather reverts back to initial state, Beneficial in battery disconnect applications as consumes no power in ON or OFF states and less waste heat vs monostable



data and make after-run procedures.

Remote Control

Remote operation via built-in TE Superseal 1.5 Series 4-pin connector. Thermally protected to prevent overheating of the coil.

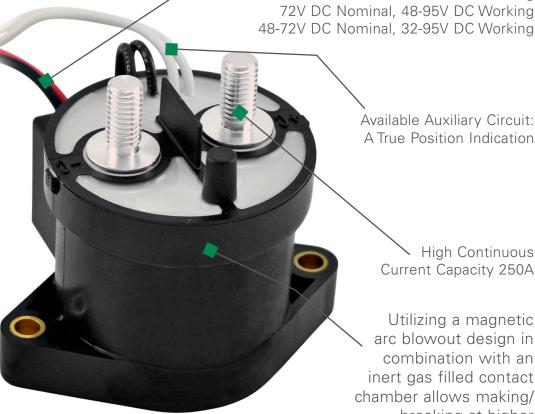
DCNEV250 Series High Voltage DC Contactor Relays

Highly Reliable System with Stable Contact Resistance in Harsh Environments

High current and high voltage DC contactor relays for electric vehicle applications such as battery isolation, DC power control, circuit protection, and other switch controls. DC Contactors can also be used in charging stations, uninterruptible power supplies, and other electronic control systems. Contactors are available with polarized and non-polarized contacts to best suit the electrical systems application.







Available Auxiliary Circuit:

Available Coil Voltage Ratings:

12-24V DC Nominal, 9-36V DC Working

High Continuous Current Capacity 250A

Utilizing a magnetic arc blowout design in combination with an inert gas filled contact chamber allows making/ breaking at higher voltages



| PART NUMBERS | DESCRIPTION | PART NUMBERS | DESCRIPTION | | | |
|-----------------|---|-----------------|---|--|--|--|
| BULK | | BULK | | | | |
| DCNEV250-M | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Polar Load Terminals | DCNEV250-FAN | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Auxiliary Circuit & Non-Polar Load Terminals | | | |
| DCNEV250-MN | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Non-Polar Load Terminals | DCNEV250-FB | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Auxiliary Circuit with Polar Load Terminals | | | |
| DCNEV250-MA | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Auxiliary Circuit with Polar Load Terminals | DCNEV250-FN | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Non-Polar Load Terminals | | | |
| DCNEV250-MAN | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Auxiliary Circuit & Non-Polar Load Terminals | DCNEV250-G | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Polar Load Terminals | | | |
| DCNEV250-MP | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Potted PCB with Polar Load Terminals | DCNEV250-GA | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Auxiliary Circuit with Polar Load Terminals | | | |
| DCNEV250-MB | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Auxiliary Circuit with Polar Load Terminals | DCNEV250-GAN | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Auxiliary Circuit & Non-Polar Load Terminals | | | |
| DCNEV250-F | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Polar Load Terminals | DCNEV250-GB | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Auxiliary Circuit with Polar Load Terminals | | | |
| DCNEV250-FA | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Auxiliary Circuit with Polar Load Terminals | DCNEV250-GN | High Voltage DC Contactor Relay Bottom Mount with Non-Polar Load Terminals | | | |

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DC High Voltage Contactor Relays

Resin Design Relays

PART NUMBER SYSTEM DCNEVT150 + -CS = DCNEVT150-CS Series Name PN Suffix Part Number

P = Polarized NP = Non-Polarized

| | Series Name | | | | | | |
|---------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| đ | Amperage | | | | | | |
| | Nom. Coil Voltage | | | | | | |
| 30A-50A | Voltage Rating | | | | | | |
| 30A | Mounting Type | | | | | | |
| (1) | Auxiliary Circuit | | | | | | |
| | Terminals | | | | | | |
| | Part Number Suffix | | | | | | |

| DCNSEV30 | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 30A Continuous Carry | | | | | | | | | |
| 12V DC | 24V DC | | | | | | | | |
| 900V DC | 900V DC | | | | | | | | |
| Bottom | Bottom | | | | | | | | |
| N | N | | | | | | | | |
| Р | Р | | | | | | | | |
| -B | -C | | | | | | | | |

| | DCNLEV50 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|----------------------|----|-----|------|-------|--------|------|---------|------|----|-----|------|-------|-----|------|--------|------|----|------|------|-------|-----|------|
| | 50A Continuous Carry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12V DC 24V DC | | | | | | 48V DC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 900V DC 900V DC | | | | | | | 900V DC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Bott | om | | | Sic | de | | | Bott | om | | Side | | | | Bottom | | | Side | | | | |
| | Υ | 1 | V | | Υ | | N | ` | Y | 1 | 1 | | Υ | I | N | , | Y | 1 | 1 | | Υ | 1 | N |
| Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP |
| -BA | -BAN | -B | -BN | -BAS | -BASN | -BS | -BSN | -CA | -CAN | -C | -CN | -CAS | -CASN | -cs | -CSN | -EA | -EAN | -E | -EN | -EAS | -EASN | -ES | -ESN |

| | Series Name | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Amperage | | | | | | |
| | Nom. Coil Voltage | | | | | | |
| 100A | Voltage Rating | | | | | | |
| Ę | Mounting Type | | | | | | |
| | Auxiliary Circuit | | | | | | |
| | Terminals | | | | | | |
| | Part Number Suffix | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | DCNL | EV100 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------|-----|----------|----------|-------|-----|------|---------------|--------|----|------|----------|-------|-----|--------|-----------------------|------|----|-----|------|-------|-----|------|
| | | 10 | 0A Conti | nuous Ca | arry | | | 100A Continuo | | | | nuous Ca | arry | | | 100A Continuous Carry | | | | | | | |
| | | | 12\ | / DC | | | | 24V DC | | | | | | | 48V DC | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 750 | V DC | | | | 750V DC | | | | 750V DC | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Bot | tom | | | Sic | de | | | Bottom | | | Side | | | | Bottom | | | | Side | | | |
| | Υ | | N | , | Y | 1 | 1 | ` | Y | 1 | V | , | Υ | ĺ | N | ` | Y | 1 | V | , | Υ | 1 | V |
| Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP |
| -BA | -BAN | -B | -BN | -BAS | -BASN | -BS | -BSN | -CA | -CAN | -C | -CN | -CAS | -CASN | -cs | -CSN | -EA | -EAN | -E | -EN | -EAS | -EASN | -ES | -ESN |



DCNSEV30









DCNLEV50 Bottom Mount

DCNLEV50 Side Mount

DCNLEV100 Bottom Mount

DCNLEV100 Side Mount

DC High Voltage Contactor Relays

Resin Design Relays

| 4 | Series Name | | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Amperage | | | | | | |
| | Nom. Coil Voltage | | | | | | |
| 250 | Voltage Rating | | | | | | |
| 150A-250A | Mounting Type | | | | | | |
| 150 | Auxiliary Circuit | | | | | | |
| | Terminals | | | | | | |
| | Part Number Suffix | | | | | | |

| DCNEV150 | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------|----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| 150A Continuous Carry | | | | | | | | |
| 12V DC | | | | | | | | |
| 900V DC | | | | | | | | |
| Bottom | | | | | | | | |
| | Υ | N | | | | | | |
| Р | NP | Р | NP | | | | | |
| -MA | -MAN | -M | -MN | | | | | |

| | DCNEV250 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------|-----|-------|-------|------|---------|--------|----|-------|--|
| | 250A Continuous Carry | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 12-24 | 4V DC | | | 48-72 | 2V DC | | 72V DC | | | | |
| | 900 | V DC | | | 900\ | V DC | | 900V DC | | | | |
| | Bottom | | | | Bot | tom | | | Bottom | | | |
| , | Y | | N | , | Y | N | | Υ | | N | | |
| Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | Р | NP | |
| -MA | -MAN | -MAN -M -MN -GA -GAN -G -G | | | | | -GN | -FA | -FAN | -F | -FN | |
| -IVIA | -IVIAIN | -141 | -14114 | -GB | -GAIV | -0 | -014 | -FB | -i Aiv | -г | -1714 | |

Ceramic Design Relays

| | Series Name | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ⋖ | Amperage | | | | | | | | |
| | Nom. Coil Voltage | | | | | | | | |
| -500 | Voltage Rating | | | | | | | | |
| 150A-500A | Mounting Type | | | | | | | | |
| = | Auxiliary Circuit | | | | | | | | |
| | Terminals | | | | | | | | |
| | Part Number Suffix | | | | | | | | |

| DCNEVT150 | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------|---------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 150A Continuous Carry | | | | | | | | | |
| 12V | DC | 24V DC | | | | | | | |
| 450V | DC | 450V DC | | | | | | | |
| Bottom | Side | Bottom | Side | | | | | | |
| N | N | N | N | | | | | | |
| Р | Р | Р | Р | | | | | | |
| -B | -BS | -C | -cs | | | | | | |

| | DCNEVT350 | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------------|----------|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ; | 350A Continuous Carry | | | | | | | | | |
| 12V | DC | 24V DC | | | | | | | | |
| 1800 | V DC | 1800V DC | | | | | | | | |
| Bott | tom | Bottom | | | | | | | | |
| Y | N | Y | N | | | | | | | |
| Р | Р | Р | Р | | | | | | | |
| -BA | -B | -CA | -C | | | | | | | |

| -BA | -B | -CA |
|-----|----|------------|
| | | E |
| | | V |
| | • | The second |
| | | |

Ρ

DCNEVT400

400A Continuous Carry

24V DC

1800V DC

Bottom

-C

12V DC

1800V DC

Bottom

PART NUMBER SYSTEM DCNEVT150 + -CS = DCNEVT150-CS Series Name Part Number

P = Polarized NP = Non-Polarized



| | DCNE | VT500 | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|----------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 500A Continuous Carry | | | | | | | | | |
| 12V | DC DC | 24V DC | | | | | | | |
| 1800 | V DC | 1800V DC | | | | | | | |
| Bot | tom | Bottom | | | | | | | |
| Υ | Ν | Y | Ν | | | | | | |
| Р | Р | P P | | | | | | | |
| -BA | -B | -CA -C | | | | | | | |







Bi-Stable Latching Relays

| Series Name |
|---------------------|
| Part Number |
| Continous Current |
| Inrush Current |
| Voltage |
| Ingress Protection |
| Control Current |
| Connector |
| Housing |
| Contacts |
| Vibration |
| Ignition Protection |

| Time Delay | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 08070900 | | | | | | | |
| 250A | | | | | | | |
| 800A x 30 Sec., 2000A x 5 Sec. | | | | | | | |
| 12V 24V | | | | | | | |
| IP67 IP69K | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | |
| TE Superseal 1.5 Series 4-pin | | | | | | | |
| Engineering thermoplastic | | | | | | | |
| Silver Plated Copper | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | |
| UNECE R10 Rev05 | | | | | | | |

| SD | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 880103 | 880107 | | | | | | | | | |
| 600A | 300A | | | | | | | | | |
| 2000A x 30 Sec., 3000A x 1 Sec. | 1000A x 30 Sec., 2000A x 1 Sec. | | | | | | | | | |
| 9-16V | 12-24V | | | | | | | | | |
| IP66 IP69K | IP66 IP69K | | | | | | | | | |
| 3A | 3A | | | | | | | | | |
| Molex MX150 | Molex MX150 | | | | | | | | | |
| Engineering thermoplastic | Engineering thermoplastic | | | | | | | | | |
| Silver Plated Copper | Silver Plated Copper | | | | | | | | | |
| 8G | 8G | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | _ | | | | | | | | | |

| HD | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 880086 | 880088 | | | | | | | | | |
| 300A | 300A | | | | | | | | | |
| 1500A x 10 Sec. | 1500A x 10 Sec. | | | | | | | | | |
| 9-16V | 18-32V | | | | | | | | | |
| IP67 IP69K | IP67 IP69K | | | | | | | | | |
| 7A | 7A | | | | | | | | | |
| Deutsch 6 Pos DTM | Deutsch 6 Pos DTM | | | | | | | | | |
| Engineering thermoplastic | Engineering thermoplastic | | | | | | | | | |
| Copper | Copper | | | | | | | | | |
| 8G | 8G | | | | | | | | | |
| ISO 8846 and SAE J1171 | ISO 8846 and SAE J1171 | | | | | | | | | |







05930100





Time Delay and High Power Relays

| Series Name |
|---------------------------|
| Part Number |
| Continuous Current |
| Voltage |
| Time Delay Range |
| Terminals |

| 05903300 | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 05903300 | 05903500 | | | | | | | | |
| 200A | 100A | | | | | | | | |
| 12V | 24V - | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | | | |
| 6.3mm x 0.8mm/M6 | | | | | | | | | |

| 3500 | |
|------|--|
| 0A | |
| 4V | |
| _ | |
| | |
| | |



05930100

2A

24V

4 Sec

6.35mm x 0.8mm



05930200

2A

24V

2 Sec

6.35mm x 0.8mm



05930300

2A

24V

10 Sec

6.35mm x 0.8mm



05930400

2A

24V

0.4 Sec

6.35mm x 0.8mm



05930500

2A

24V

2 Sec

6.35mm x 0.8mm



05930600

2A

24V

6 Sec

6.35mm x 0.8mm



05930700

2A

24V

6.35mm x 0.8mm



05930800

24V

30 Sec

6.35mm x

0.8mm





Continuous Duty SPST

| Series Name |
|-------------|
| Part Number |
| Amps |
| Diagram |
| lmage |
| Insulated/ |
| Grounded |
| Voltage |
| Circuitry |

| Continuous Duty SPST | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 24080 | 24063 | 24063-08 | 24214 | 24124 | 24059 | 24059-15 | 24059-08 | 24082 | 24106 | 24106-07 | 24115 | 24117 | 24117-01 | 24213 | 24213-01 | 24213-03 | 24097 |
| 85A | 85A | 65A | 200A | 85A | 85A | 85A | 65A | 85A | 85A | 85A | 85A | 85A | 65A | 200A | 200A | 200A | 85 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| А | А | В | А | D | А | А | А | Е | D | D | D | В | В | А | А | С | А |
| Insulated | Insulated | Insulated | Insulated | Grounded | Insulated | Insulated | Insulated | Grounded | Grounded | Grounded | Insulated |
| 36V DC 24V DC 12V DC | | | | | | | | | | | 6V DC | | | | | | |
| SPST | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |













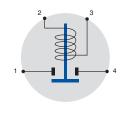
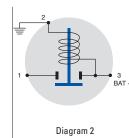
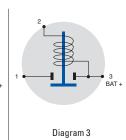
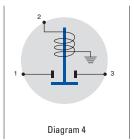


Diagram 1







Intermittent Duty SPST

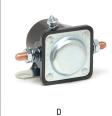
| Series Name |
|------------------------|
| Part Number |
| lmage |
| Diagram |
| Insulated/ Grounded |
| Amps Make |
| Amps Break |
| Voltage |
| Duty Cycle |
| Circuitry |

| Intermittent Duty SPST | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| 24037 | 24044 | 24047 | 24060 | 24071 | 24076 | 24103 | 24008-03 | 24008 |
| А | С | E | А | В | F | Е | Е | E |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Grounded | Grounded | Insulated | Insulated | Grounded | Insulated | Grounded | Insulated | Insulated |
| 750A | 750A | 750A | 750A | 750A | 750A | 750A | 750A | 120A |
| 100A 65A | | | | | | | | |
| 12V DC 24V DC | | | | | | | | |
| | On: 10 sec On: 10 sec Off: 20 min Off: 30 min | | | | | | | |
| SPST | | | | | | | | |



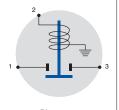


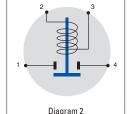


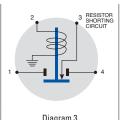


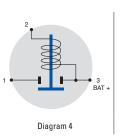














Battery Master Switch Relays

| | Series Name | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Part Number | | | |
| | Continuous Current | | | |
| | Intermittent Current | | | |
| | Intermittent Time | | | |
| | Voltage | | | |
| | Ingress Protection | | | |
| | Connector | | | |
| | Stability | | | |
| | Time Delay | | | |
| ı | Low Voltage Disconnect | | | |
| | Low Voltage Disconnect Threshold | | | |
| | Notes | | | |

| | | 08070000 | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 08070500 | 08070600 | 08070700 | 08070760 | 08094270 |
| 250A | 250A | 250A | 250A | 250A |
| 1500A | 1500A | 1500A | 1500A | 1500A |
| On: 5 sec.Off: 10 sec. | On: 5 sec, Off: 10 sec. | On: 5 sec. Off: 10 sec. | On: 5 sec. Off: 10 sec. | On: 5 sec. Off: 10 sec. |
| 12V/24V | 12V/24V | 12V/24V | 12V/24V | 24V |
| IP67, IP69K | IP67, IP69K | IP67, IP69K | IP67, IP69K | IP65 |
| DIN 4/4 Pigtail | DIN 4/4 Pigtail | DIN 4/4 Pigtail | DIN 4/4 Pigtail | DIN 3/4 Pigtail |
| Bistable | Bistable | Bistable | Bistable | Bistable |
| 0/30/300 sec. | 0/30/300 sec. | _ | _ | _ |
| _ | _ | Filtered Open 60 sec. | Filtered Open 60 sec. | _ |
| - | _ | 12.1V | 12.1V | _ |
| - | _ | _ | Complete Kit Version of 08070700 | _ |



08070000 Series

| Series Name | |
|----------------------|--|
| Part Number | |
| Continuous Current | |
| Intermittent Current | |
| Intermittent Time | |
| Voltage | |
| Circuitry | |
| Ingress Protection | |
| Connector | |
| Stability | |
| Retention | |
| Time Delay | |
| Delay Set | |

| 08075062 | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 08075063 | 08075064 | 08075100 | 08075160 | 08075161 | 08075164 |
| 250A | 250A | 250A | 500A | 250A | 500A |
| 2000A | 2000A | 2000A | 2000A | 2000A | 2000A |
| On: 5 sec. Off: 10 sec. | On: 5 sec. Off: 10 sec. |
| 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| SPST | SPST | SPST | SPST | SPST | SPST |
| IP67, IP69K | IP67, IP69K |
| TE SS 2/2 Pigtail | DIN 3/4 Integrated | DIN 4/4 Integrated | DIN 4/4 Integrated | DIN 6/7 Integrated | DIN 3/4 Integrated |
| Bistable | Bistable | Bistable | Bistable | Bistable | Bistable |
| Magnetic | Magnetic | Magnetic | Magnetic | Magnetic | Magnetic |
| _ | _ | 3 min. | 6 min. | 30 sec./60 sec./3 min./6 min. | _ |
| _ | _ | Fixed | Fixed | Programmable | - |











08075100 08075160 08075161 08075064

Battery Master Switch Relays

| Series Name |
|----------------------|
| Part Number |
| Continuous Current |
| Intermittent Current |
| Intermittent Time |
| Voltage |
| Circuitry |
| Ingress Protection |
| Mounting |
| Notes |
| |

| ADR Magnetic Battery Disconnect Switch | | | | |
|--|-------------|--|--|--|
| 08075300 | 08075360 | | | |
| 250A | 250A | | | |
| 2000A | 2000A | | | |
| 2000A for 5 sec, 1000A for 30 sec. 2000A for 5 sec, 1000A for 30 sec. | | | | |
| 12V/24V | 12V/24V | | | |
| SPST | | | | |
| IP67, IP69K | IP67, IP69K | | | |
| Surface | Surface | | | |
| Complete Kit Containing: 00227073, 00900560, 00901560 Relay Only | | | | |



Battery Isolators

| Series Name |
|-----------------------|
| Part Number |
| Continuous Current |
| Voltage |
| Humidity |
| Ingress Protection |
| Shock |
| Vibration |

| Smart Battery Isolators | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| 48525 48530 | | 880051 | 880055 | | | |
| 85A | 200A | 300A | 300A | | | |
| 12V | , | 16V | 32V | | | |
| | 0 to 90% RH | | | | | |
| IP67 | IP67 | IP67/IP69K | IP67/IP69K | | | |
| SAE J1455 | SAE J1455 | 10G | 10G | | | |
| 10-500 Hz | 10-500 Hz | 8G | 8G | | | |
| | | | | | | |







ISO MINI



ISO Power

ISO MICRO

880051

| P | ug | In R | le | ays |
|---|----|------|----|-----|
| | | | | |

| Series Name |
|------------------|
| Part Number |
| Current |
| Voltage |
| Form |
| Mounting Bracket |
| Supression |

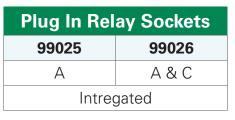
| ISO MINI | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| RA-200024-DS | RA-200124-DN | RA-400112-DN | RA-400112-NN | RC-200024-DS | RC-200124-DN | RC-200124-NN | RC-400012-DS | RC-400112-DN | RC-400112-NN | RC-400112-RN |
| 20A | 20A | 40A | 40A | 20A | 20A | 20A | 40A | 40A | 40A | 40A |
| 24V DC | 24V DC | 12V DC | 12V DC | 24V DC | 24V DC | 24V DC | 12V DC | 12V DC | 12V DC | 12V DC |
| А | А | А | А | С | С | С | С | С | С | С |
| None | Snap-In | Snap-In | Snap-In | None | Snap-In | Snap-In | None | Snap-In | Snap-In | Snap-In |
| Diode | Diode | Diode | None | Diode | Diode | None | Diode | Diode | None | Resistor |

| Series Name | | | |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| Part Number | | | |
| Current | | | |
| Voltage | | | |
| Form | | | |
| Mounting Bracket | | | |
| Supression | | | |

| ISO Power Relays | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| RA-700112-DN | RA-700112-NN | RA-700112-RN | RC-700112-DN | RC-700112-NN | RC-700112-RN |
| 70A | 70A | 70A | 70A | 70A | 70A |
| 12V DC | 12V DC | 12V DC | 12V DC | 12V DC | 12V DC |
| А | А | А | С | С | С |
| Snap-In | Snap-In | Snap-In | Snap-In | Snap-In | Snap-In |
| Diode None | | Resistor | Diode | None | Resistor |

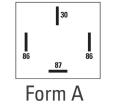
| ISO MICRO | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 02040080Z | 02040090Z | MA-250012-NN | MA-250012-RS | MC-250012-NN | MC-250012-RN |
| 20A | 35A | 25A | 25A | 25A | 25A |
| 12V DC | 12V DC | 12V DC | 12V DC | 12V DC | 12V DC |
| А | С | А | А | С | С |
| | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Resistor | Resistor | None | Resistor | None | Resistor |

| Series Name |
|-------------|
| Part Number |
| Form |
| Mounting |

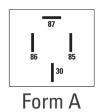








Form C ISO MINI



87 87a 85

ISO Power

Form C





Form C Form A

ISO MICRO

Solid State Relays

| Se | ries Name | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Pa | Part Number | | | | |
| Continous Current | | | | | |
| Inr | Inrush Current | | | | |
| Voltage | | | | | |
| Ingress Protection | | | | | |
| Control Current | | | | | |
| Housing | | | | | |
| Stu | d Terminals | | | | |
| (| Contacts | | | | |

| Standard Solid State Relay |
|----------------------------|
| 48785 |
| 85A |
| 85A |
| 12-24V |
| IP67 |
| 20mA |
| Plated Steel |
| Two Copper 5/16-18 Studs |
| Copper |



Specialty Relays

| | Series Name | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | Part Number | | |
| | Continuous Current | | |
| Inrush Current | | | |
| Voltage | | | |
| Ingress Protection | | | |
| Control Current | | | |
| Connector | | | |
| Stud Terminals | | | |
| Vibration | | | |
| | Humidity | | |
| | Ignition Protection | | |

| HD Normally Open Relays | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 880159 | 880160 | | | |
| 300A (4/0 Input/Output Cable) | 300A (4/0 Input/Output Cable) | | | |
| 1500A x 10 Sec. | 1500A x 10 Sec. | | | |
| 9-16V | 18-32V | | | |
| IP67 IP69K | IP67 IP69K | | | |
| 7A | 7A | | | |
| Deutsch 6 Pos DTM | Deutsch 6 Pos DTM | | | |
| Two Tin-Plated Copper 3/8-16 Studs | Two Tin-Plated Copper 3/8-16 Studs | | | |
| 8G | 8G | | | |
| 0-95% RH | 0-95% RH | | | |
| ISO 8846 and SAE J1171 | ISO 8846 and SAE J1171 | | | |



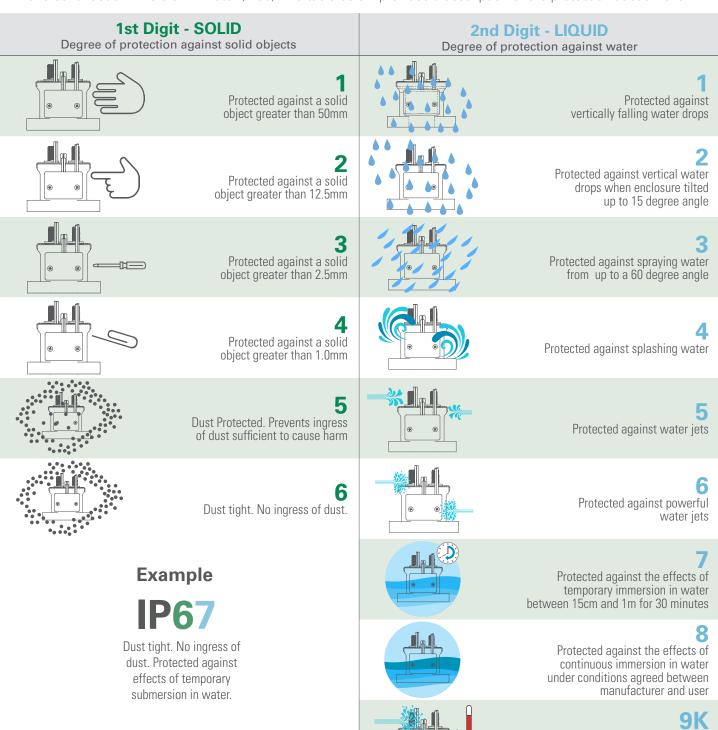
880159



Ingress Protection Explained Harsh Environments and Ingress Protection Ratings

Environmental factors play a huge role in a product's ability to do its job and survive the lifetime of the equipment. Ingress Protection, or IP, indicates the degree of protection of a relay. IP ratings are a measure of how resistant a part is to environmental contaminants such as debris, dust, and water. IP rating selections should be based on where the relay will be mounted and what type of environment the equipment will be used in.

The numbers following IP represent levels of sealing and can range from no sealing (IP00) to protection against dust and continuous immersion in water (IP68). The table below provides a description of the protection at each level.



21 littelfuse.com/relays

Protected against close-range high pressure, high temperature

spray downs

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- Automotive Fuse & Fuse Holder Selection Guide

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